A broom; a thing with which one sweeps. (S, K.)

. أَحْوَقُ see : مُحَوَقُ . مُحُوقُ see : مُحُوقُ

حوقل

حَوْقَلَ, &c.: see art. حَوْقَلَ.

## حوك

1. عُوكُ, aor. عُرِيْ, inf. n. عُوكُ (Ṣ, Mṣb, K) and عَيْكُ (K) and عَيْكُ, (Ṣ, K,) [which last see also below,] He wove the piece of cloth. (Ṣ, K.) [See also art. عَيْكُ, † Hence, حَوْكُ أَرْضُ لَا اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى الله

5. بالتُّوب, (Az in art. جبک) and بالتُّوب, (As, ISk, K in art. د.) i. q. به احتنبی به (As, ISk, K in art. د.) i. q. به اور الكلام), (As, ISk, K in art. د.) i. e. He drew his legs against his belly with the garment, or piece of cloth, confining them therewith, together with his bach, and binding it, or making it tight, upon them, so as to preserve him from falling, [when he sut,] lihe a wall. (IAth, TA in art. د.)

8: see 5.

as used in the saying مُوْلَاءِ صُوكَ سُوءِ meaning + These are children that are lean, or emaciated, or slender in the bones, and small in the body, has no sing. form. (O, TA.)

حَوْكَ see : حَوْكَةُ

The art of wearing. (Lth, Msb.\*) See also 1, of which it is said in the S and K to be an inf. n.]

nasc. آغانه A weaver: [fem. with ة:] (Ṣ, Ķ:) pl. nasc. مُوكَة and مُوكَة (Ṣ, Mgh, Msh, Ķ,) the ormer regular, (TA,) and the latter anomalous, Ṣ, TA,) like مُونَة [pl. of مُونَة]; (Ṣ in art. ;) and pl. fem. مُونَاكُ (Ṣ, Ķ.)

A place of weaving. (S, K.)

تَرَكُّتُهُمْ فِي مَعْوَكَة ; I left them [engaged] in îght. (Ķ, TA.)

حول

1. رَحُولُ (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb, K, &c.,) aor. رَحُولُ , Mṣb, Er-Rághib,) inf. n. حَوْلُ and حَوْلُ (Ķ, Bk. I.

Er-Rághib) [and \_\_\_\_\_], It (a thing) became altered, transmuted, or changed, (S,\* Mgh, Msb, Er-Rághib, TA,) from its state, or condition, (S, Mgh,) or from its natural state or condition, and its constitution; as also استحال; (Msb;) i. q. نحول \*; (K:) which [here] signifies [as above; or] it became altered, transmuted, or changed, whether essentially or substantially, or in respect of predicament [or state or condition], or by saying; (Er-Rághib, TA;) and احال signifies the same: (K:) or this last is said of a man, meaning [he shifted, or turned, تحوّل لا مِنْ شَيْءٍ إِلَى شَيْءٍ from one thing to another]: (TA:) and hence, (TA,) he became a Muslim: (IAar, K, TA:) for in this case one says of a man, تحوّل لا عَمّا كَانَ he turned from that which he يَعْبُدُ إِلَى الإسْلَام was worshipping to El-Islam]. (IAar, TA.) \_ [Hence, also,] المال , inf. n. مَال and عَلَى, i. q. and حال q. v. (Ḥam p. 652.) \_\_ And متال It (anything) shifted, or removed, or went, or became shifted or transferred; syn. or it moved; syn. تحوّل: so accord. to different copies of the K: or, accord. to the O, the former verb has both of these significations: (TA:) or it has the latter of these significations, said of a شُخُص [i. e. a man, or person, or the figure of a thing seen from a distance]: (S:) or both verbs signify it (anything) became altered, or changed, (M, K,) from straightness, or evenness, (K,) to crookedness, or unevenness. (M, K.) You say, حالت القُوس The bow became crooked (K, TA) in the portion between the part grasped by the hand and the curved extremity; or in the curved extremity: (TA:) or reverted from the state into which it was brought by pressure [with the ثقاف, and became crooked in the portion between the part grasped by the hand and the curved extremity; as also استحالت : (Ṣ, O:) and in استحالتِ \* الأَرْضُ عَنِ الإِسْتِوَاءِ إِلَى like manner, [The ground became altered, or changed, from evenness to unevenness]: (S:) or [simply] it became uneven : (Msb:) [and app. signifies (صهت . K in art) أَحَالَت الارض signifies it (a thing) mas disposed, or was about, to become altered, or changed. (Er-Raghib, TA.) And حال لونه Its colour altered, or changed, and became black. (S.) And حال It (a thing) shifted from its way, or manner, or direction. (TA.) And حال وتر The string of the bow shifted from its place on the occasion of shooting : and حَالَتِ القُوسُ [the bow shifted from its string.] (TA.) وترها (O, TA,) or this مِوْلٌ .nf. n. حَوْلُ is a simple subst., (S, M, K,) He, or it, shifted, or removed, from his, or its, place. (O, TA. [See مِحُولٌ, below.]) And حِولٌ , حَولٌ selow.] i. e. He, or it, shifted, or removed, or became shifted or transferred, to another place]. (S.) And عن العبد inf. n. حُوُول , i. q. i. e. He withdrew, or receded, from the covenant, compact, agreement, or engagement]. بُوُولْ inf. n. حال فِي مَثْنِ فَرَسِهِ لِـ (.8) leaped, and rode, upon the back of his horse; as also احال في ظَهْرِ دُابَّته (\$:) or حال في ظَهْرِ دُابَّته

and seated himself firmly, upon the back of his beast; as also احال الله (K, TA:) and حال على رس (K,\* TA,) he seated بحولة , (K,\* TA,) himself firmly upon the horse. (K,\* TA.) -Their morning-draught, حال صَبُوحُهُمْ عَلَى غَبُوقِهِمْ and their evening-draught became one, is said of people suffering from drought, and scarcity of milk. (TA.) \_\_\_\_\_, (Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. as above, inf. n. حُول, (Msb,) said of a year (حُول), (Mgh, K,) It passed: (Msb:) or it revolved and passed: (Mgh:) or it became complete. (K.) حُوْلٌ You say, أحال عَلَيْهِ الحَوْلُ (Ş, K,) inf. n. and Jose, (K,) The year passed over him, or it; [or he, or it, became a year old;] (S, K;) as also V. I. (S.) And Jb, alone, (Msb, TA,) and المول and أمول , (Msb,) The year passed over it. (Msb, TA.) And احال (S, K) and (K) A year passed احول (K) A year passed over it; [or it became a year old;] (S, K, TA;) said of wheat, or food, and of other things: (S, أحولت ال and احالت ال and احالت TA:) and so حالت and احالت الم said of a دار [or house]: (Ṣ:) or حَالَتِ الدَّارُ and years passed حيلَ بالدّار and أُحُولَت \* and احالت \* over the house: (K:) or the house became altered, or changed, and years passed over it: and in like manner one says, أَشْهَرَت and أَعَامَت (TA.) And said of a boy, A year passed over him; [or he became a year old;] (S;) as also احول العام (Ks, S, Mab, K) and احال بالهُكَانِ (Ks, S, Mab, K) and (Ks, S, K) He remained, stayed, abode, or dwelt, a year in the place : (Ks, S, Msb, K:) or, as some say, a long time. (TA.) \_\_\_\_\_, inf. n. (S, Msb, K) and عيال and حوول (إلا and احالت الله (إلا عبول and عبول and ; حوال ; حوال إلا الله عبول إلى الله عبول إلى الله عبول إلى الله عبول ال (K;) said of a she-camel, (S, K,) &c., (K,) She did not conceive, or become pregnant, during a year, or two years, or some years: (K :) or she, having been covered by the stallion, did not become pregnant: (S, K:) or, said of a woman, and of a she-camel, she did not become pregnant. (Msb.) And حالت, (S, Mgh, Msb, TA,) and احالت, (Mgh,) said of a palm-tree (نَخْلَة), It bore one year, and not another year: (Mgh, TA:) or did not bear, (S, Msh,) having been fecundated. (S.) بَيْنَ (Ṣ, Er-Rághib,) or حال الشَّيْءُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكَ originally, (Mgh,\* K,) inf. n. الشَّيُّيْن (&c.], (Mgh,) أَكْيُنُونَةُ [&c.], (Mgh,) and مُؤُولُ (Mgh) and مُؤُولُ (Er-Rághib, TA,) The thing intervened as a separation, a partition, a fence, a barrier, or an obstacle, or obstruction, (S, K, Er-Raghib, TA,) between me and thee, (S, Er-Rághib, TA,) or between the two things. (K.) You say, حال النَّهُو بَيْنَنَا The river intervened as a separation, or an obstacle, between us, preventing conjunction, or communication. (Msb.) And The thing intervened as حال الشَّىءُ دُونَ الشَّىءِ an obstacle in the way to the thing]. (S voce واعلموا ,[14] It is said in the Kur [viii. 24] .اعترض And know ye that أَنَّ ٱللهَ يَحُولُ بَيْنَ الْمَرْ وَقَلْبِهِ God interveneth, or interposeth, between the man and his heart, or secret thoughts, or desire]: indicating that He turns him from his desire: (Er-Rághib, TA:) or that He possesses his heart, and