with a crime, or an offence: see a verse of En-Nábighah cited voce

3. alob [He bore with him a burden]. You say, of a Wezeer, حَامَلُ الْهَلْكُ أَعْبَاءَ الهُلْك إلا الهُلُك + [He hore with the King the burdens of the regal + He requited him; namely, a man: or, accord. to AA, alolas signifies the requiting with beneficence. (TA.)

4. He helped him to bear, or carry, (T, S,) that which he was bearing, or carrying : (T, TA:) or you say, I he helped him to bear, or carry, the load, or burden : and he did that with him]. فَعَلَ ذَلِكَ بِه i. c. حَمِلَهُ * (M, O, K.) [See also 3.] = أَحْمَلُتُ She (a woman, S, K, and a camel, S) yielded her milk without being pregnant. (S, K.)

5. The took upon himself the bearing, or carrying, of loads, or burdens: this is the primary signification. (Har p. 48.) _ [Hence, +He burdened himself with, or he became, or made himself, chargeable with, or he bore, or took upon himself, the burden of, a sin, or crime, or the like; as also * [: احتمل you say احتمل إثمًا meaning Jel in iv. 112 and xxxiii. 58.) And من المعرفة + He took, or imposed, upon himself a debt, or fine. (MA.) _ [And hence, likewise, several other significations :] see 2, in two places : ____ and 8 : ____ and 1, in six places. ____ Also He bound the load, or burden, [or the loads, or burdens, on the saddle, or saddles, or on the heast, or beasts ;] (Har p. 48;) and * احتمل signifies [the same, or] he put, or placed, the load, or burden, [or the loads, or burdens,] on the saddle, [or saddles, or on the beast, or beasts.] (Har p. 556.) _ [And hence,] and t They went away, departed, or journeyed. (S, TA.)

6. تحامل عليه [He bore, bore his weight, pressed, or pressed heavily, upon it, or him] تَحَامَلَ عَلَى رَأْسِ رُمْحِهِ مُعْتَمِدًا عَلَيْهِ لِيَهُوتَ You say, [He bore, bore his weight, pressed, or pressed heavily, upon the head of his spear, leaning upon it, in order that he might die]. (Mgh in art. [I pressed, تَحَامَلْتُ عَلَيْه كَالعَاصر And (.ركز or pressed heavily, upon it, like the squeezer of fruit &c.]. (Msb in art. همز.) - [Hence,] + He wronged him; or treated him wrongfully, or uniustly. (S, Mgh, and Har p. 80.) And it is asserted that one says, تحامل الزّمان عَنْ فُلَانٍ meaning + Time, or fortune, turned from such a one, and took away his property : and John Stand + It became favourable to him. (Har ibid.) [Also] + He imposed upon him, or tasked him with, that which he was not able to bear, or to do. (M, O, K.) And تفسه to do. (M, O, K.) 0,) or بالأَمْرِ and تحامل في الأَمْرِ (M, K,) + IIe imposed upon himself, or tasked himself with, or constrained himself to do, the thing, or affair, notwithstanding difficulty, or trouble, or inconvenience, (S, M, O, K,) and fatigue. (M, TA.) And تَحَامَلْتُ فِي الْمَشْي + I constrained myself

inconvenience, and fatigue : whence, رُبَّهَا يَتَحَامَلُ i. e. + Sometimes the game will, i. e. + Sometimes the game will constrain itself to fly, notwithstanding difficulty, &c., and will fly. (Mgh.) [See also two similar phrases in the first paragraph.] __ is used as its inf. n., and also as a noun of place: ما فى فُلَان مُتَحامَل (using it as an inf. n., you say i. e. أمان + [There is not, in such a one, wrongdoing, &c.]: and using it of a place, المذا متحاملنا + [This is our place of wrong-doing, or wrongtreatment, &c.]. (S, TA.)

7. انحمل عَلَى الأَمر + He was, or became, incited, excited, urged, instigated, induced, or made, to do the thing, or affair. (ISd, K.)

8. احتمل He raised a thing upon his back. (Har p. 41.) - See also 1, in five places: and see 5, in three places. __ + He bore, endured, or sustained. (KL.) You suy, أَحْتَهَلْتُ مَا كَانَ منْهُ + [I bore, or endured, what proceeded from him, or what he did or said, or] I forgave what proceeded from him, and feigned myself neglectful of it. (Msb.) And مَمَلْتَ * إِدْلَالَهُ and احْتَمَلْتَ + [I bore, or endured, his presumptuousness occasioned by his confiding in my love]. (S.) And + [He bore with, endured, suffered, or tolerated, him; or] he bore, or endured, his annoyance, or molestation, (احتمل أذاه) and feigned himself neglectful of what proceeded from him, and did not reprove him. (Har p. 41.) And He was forbearing, or clement ; he acted احتمل with forbearance, or clemency; he treated with forbearance, or clemency, him who reviled him: (TA :) he forgave an offence; as also *تحمّل: (Har p. 637 :) and ais the treated him with forbearance, or clemency. (K, TA.) [And He bore wealth; or he had, or + He exercised, the quality of doing so; generally meaning, in a becoming, or proper, manner; but also absolutely, as is shown by the phrase] we t [The bearing of wealth ill, or in احتمال النعمة + an evil manner]. (Er-Raghib voce بطر) And He bore the benefit as a budge, احتمل الصنيعة and was thankful, or grateful, for it. (ISd, K.) [In lexicology, said of a word or phrase or sentence, + It bore, admitted, or was susceptible of, a meaning, a sense, or an interpretation : and, elliptically, + it bore, admitted, or was susceptible of, two, or more, different meanings, senses, or interpretations; it was equivocal.] In the conventional language of the lawyers, and the Muslim theologians [and men of science in general] (Msb,) it is used, (Kull,) or may be used, (Msb,) as importing supposition, and admissibleness, or allowableness; and thus used, it is intrans. : and also as importing necessary implication, and inclusion; and thus used, it is trans.: you say, الله الله الله الله المعامة المال المن المال المن المال المال المال المالي المالي المالي المالي المالي المالي ا admissible, or allowable, that it may be thus; or simply it may be thus; as also يُحْتَمَلُ, which is often used in this sense]: and احتمل الحال وجوها + [The case necessarily implied, or included, many (possible) modes, or manners of being; or admitted of being put, or explained, or to walk, notwithstanding difficulty, or trouble, or understood, in many ways; or bore many kinds

of interpretation]. (Msb, Kull.) احتهلهُ الغَضَبُ + Anger disquieted, or flurried, him. (Mj, TA.) And أحتمل [alone] + He was disquieted, or flurried, by anger : (T, TA :) or, accord. to the Mj and M and O; but accord. to the K, followed by بونه; (TA;) + he was angry, and his colour changed. (K, TA.) __ [احتَمَلَت She (a woman) used a drug, or the like, in the manner of a suppository in the ragina: so in the present day: and so in the K, on the words فنبيط and the K &c.] احتمال He bought what is termed احتمال. i. e. a thing [in the CK للسَّبْي is put for [للشَّى اللَّشْيَ carried from one country or town to another (K, TA) among a party of captives. (TA.)

i.e.] سَأَلْتُهُ أَنْ يَحْمِلَنِي signifies اسْتَحْمَلْتُهُ [i.e. I asked him to carry me, or to give me a beast on which to ride]. (ج.) _ استحمله نفسه + He imposed upon him his wants and affairs. (M, K.)

R. Q. 1. Le carried water. (Ibn-Abbad, K.)

[inf. n. of 1, q. v. __ ; Gestation : see an ex. voce ما ما And hence,] + The young that is borne in the womb (M, K) of any animal; (M, TA;) and + the fruit of a tree, (IDrd, S, M, Mşb, K,) as also *حمَلُ (IDrd, S, M, K :) or the former, + the thing that is in a belly, or on the head of a tree: (ISk, S, M, Mgh, K:) and the latter, a thing borne, or carried, (Msb, K,) on the back; [i.e. a load, or burden;] (Msb;) the thing that is on the back or on the head: (ISk, S, M, Mgh, K:) or the former, +a burden that is borne internally; as the young in the belly, and the water in the clouds, and the fruit in the tree as being likened to the of the woman : and I the latter, a burden that is borne externally; as the thing that is borne on the back: (Er-Rághib, TA:) or [when applied to fruit] the former signifies a fruit that is internal: and the latter, a fruit that is external: (M, K:) or the former, fruit of a tree when large, or much: and the latter, fruit when not large, or when not much and large : (K accord. to different copies:) this is the saying of AO, mentioned in the T, in art. شمل, where, in the copies of the T, is found ما لم يكثر (TA :) and the former also occurs as meaning a burden that requires, for the carrying it, a beast or the hire of a porter : (Mgh :) the pl. [of pauc.] of the latter (Mgh, Msb, K) and of the former (K) is أحمال (S, Mgh, Msb, K) and [the pl. of mult.] (of the former, K,* TA) حمَالُ (K) and (of the latter, Msb) حمولُ (Msb, K) and مُحولُ (S, M, Mgh, Sgh.) Hence, (in a trad., TA) هذا الحمَالُ t [This is the fruit : not the fruit + [This is the fruit : not the fruit of Kheyber]: meaning that it is the fruit of Paradise ; and that it does not fail, or come to an end. (M, K.) - See also what next follows.

جَمْلٌ scc : scc ، مَعْلٌ , in five places. حَمْلٌ scc : حَمْلٌ , (Ş, مَمْلٌ M, K,) as pl. of , حَمْلٌ , (M, K,) and of * also, (K,) signifies likewise [Vehicles of the kind called] هوادج [pl. of هوادج [M, K,) whether having in them women or not: (M, TA:) or + camels upon which are AZ, S, M,