and prohibition, and the statement of what is lawful and unlawful: (TA:) or disposed in a sound manner. (Ksh. Bd.) with respect to the words and meanings. (Bd.) like a building firmly and orderly and well constructed: (Ksh:) or prevented from being corrupted (Ksh, Bd) and from being abrogated : (Bd :) or made to be characterized by wisdom, (Ksh, Bd,) as comprising the sources of speculative and practical wisdom. (Bd.) And hence one says of a man such as is termed , [i. e. wise, &c.,] تَدْ أَحْكَمَتْهُ التَّجَارِبُ [Tryings have rendered him firm, or sound, in judgment]. often used as the inf. n. of the pass. verb, signifying The being firm, &c.; or firmness, &c.: see حَكَمَةُ Sce also ___ [.مرّة

5. تحکیر فیم Ile did [or decided] according to his own judgment, or did what he judged fit, respecting it, or in it: (Mşb:) or he had authority to judge, give judgment, pass sentence, or decide judicially, respecting it; (K, TA;) as also ide judicially, respecting it; (K, TA;) as also if the former regular, and the latter irregular: (TA:) or the former signifies he pretended to have authority to judge, &c. (KL.) You say, نامی الی He had authority over me to judge, &c., respecting my property. (S.) _ See also 2.

6. تحاكموا إلى الحاكم They summoned one another to the judge, [seeking judgment, (see 3,)] and litigated; as also احتكموا إليه. (Ş, TA.)

8: see 5, in two places : ____ and 6 : ____ and 10.

10. IHe (a man) refrained from what would injure him in his religion and his worldly concerns. (Aboo-'Adnán, TA.) - Also quasipass. of (S, Mgh, Msb, K) as signifying (Msb, K;) [It was, or became, firm, stable, strong, solid, compact, firmly and closely joined or knit together, sound, or free from defect or imperfection, by the exercise of shill; firmly, strongly, solidly, compactly, soundly, thoroughly, skilfully, judiciously, or well, made or constructed or constituted or established or settled or arranged or done or performed or executed : and, said of a quality or faculty &c., it was, or became, firm, strong, sound, free from defect or imperfection, established, or confirmed :] and, said of an affair, or a case, it mas, or became, in a firm, solid, sound, or good, state, or on a firm, solid, sound, or good, footing; as also استحكر عَلَيْه = (TA.) احتكر استحكر عَلَيْه The thing, or affair, became confused and lubious to him; syn. التَّبَسَ so in the A. (TA. [But this seems to require confirmation.])

[inf. n. of 1, q. v.,] originally signifies Prevention, or restraint. (Msb.) — And hence, (Msb.) Judgment, or judicial decision: (S, Msb, K, TA:) or judgment respecting a thing, that it is such a thing, or is not such a thing, whether it be necessarily connected with another thing, or not: (TA:) [whence,] in logic, [what our logicians term judgment; i.e.] the judging a thing to stand to another [thing] in the relation of an attribute to its subject, affirmatively or negatively;

or the perception of relation or non-relation : (Kull:) or it properly signifies judgment with equity or justice : (Az, TA :) and signifies the same; (K, TA;) originally, accord. to As, the restraint of a man from wrongdoing : (TA:) [each, though an inf. n., being used as a simple subst., has its pl. :] the pl. of the former is (K,) [properly a pl. of pauc., but] its only أَحْكَامُ pl. form : and the pl. of the latter is -هُوَ يَتُوَلَّى الحُكُومَاتِ * وَيَغْصِلُ ,TA.) You say [He presides over the affairs of judgment, and decides litigations]. (TA.) And it is said in a trad., إِنَّ مِنْ الشِّعْرِ لَحُكُمًا meaning, meaning Verily, of poetry, there is that which is true judament : so savs Er-Rághib : or, as others say, profitable discourse, such as restrains from, and forbids, ignorant and silly behaviour; i. c., [what contains] exhortations and proverbs profitable to men: or, the right reading is, as some relate it, لحكمة [i. e. wisdom, &c.]: (TA :) or إلحكمة [pl. of مَكْمَة]. (So in a copy of the "Jámi' es-Ṣagheer" of Es-Suyootee.) _ [The exercise of judicial authority; jurisdiction; rule; dominion; or government. See also .__ An ordinance; a statute; a prescript; an edict; a decree; or a particular law; like قضاً: Hence the phrase According to custom or usage; properly, according to the ordinance of custom or usage. ____ A rule in grammar &c. ; as when one says, أَنْ يُوْفَعَ or حُكْمُ الفَاعِلِ الرَّفْعُ, i. e. The rule applying to the case of the agent is that it be put in the nom. case; and أَحْمَهُ حُمْهُ حُمْهُ حُمْهُ i. e. The rule applying to it is the same as the rule applying to such a thing, or like the rule applying to such a thing. - It may often be rendered Predicament : (thus the last of the foregoing exs. may be rendered Its predicament is the same as the predicament of such a thing, or like the predicament of such a thing :) and Las, or في الحكم, predicamentally, or in respect of predicament; and virtually; as distinguished from مُقيقةً (literally), and مُقيقةً (really), and the like.] __ Also Knowledge of the law in matters of religion. (TA.) _ See also and, in two places. It is a more general term than حَكْمة; for all حَكْمة is , but the reverse is not the case. (Er-Rághib, TA.)

in two places; and حَكَمْ (Hence, الْحَكُمْ [*The Judge*] is one of the names of God. (TA.) <u>A</u> man advanced in age (K, TA) to the utmost degree. (TA.) See also حَكَمَة

وَعُمْدُ [properly, or primarily,] signifies What prevents, or restrains, from ignorant behaviour: (Mgh:) [in its most usual sense, which is wisdom, agreeably with explanations here following,] it is derived from مَحْمَد , signifying a certain appertenance of a beast, [a kind of curb,] because it prevents its possessor from having bad dispositions: (Mşb:) it means knowledge; or science; (S, K;) as also مَحْمَد : (S, TA:) or [generally] knowledge of the true natures of things, and action according to the requirements thereof; and there-

or a state, or quality, of the intellectual faculty: this is the theological -: in the Kur xxxi. 11, by the averagiven by God to Lukmán, is meant the evidence of the intellect in accordance with the statutes of the law: (TA:) in the conventional language of the learned, it means the perfecting of the human mind by the acquisition of the speculative sciences, and of the complete faculty of doing excellent deeds, according to the ability possessed : (Bd on the passage of the Kur above mentioned:) or it means the attainment of that which is true, or right, by knowledge and by deed : so that in God it is the knowledge of things, and the origination thereof in the most perfect manner : and, in man, the knowledge and doing of good things : or it means acquaintance with the most excellent of things by the most excellent kind of knowledge: (TA:) [and in the modern language, philosophy: pl. حَكُمْ :] see مَكُمْ Also Equity, or justice, (K, TA,) in judgment or judicial decision; and so بخمر (TA.) _ And i. q. , (K, TA;) i. c. [Forbearance, or clemency, or] the management of one's soul and temper on the occasion of excitement of anger: which, if correct, is nearly the same as equity or justice. (TA.) __ And Obedience of God: and knowledge in matters of religion, and the acting agreeably therewith : and understanding : and reverential fear; piety; pious fear; or abstinence from unlawful things : and the doing, or saying, that which is right : and reflection upon what God has commanded, and doing according thereto. (TA.) __ And [Knowledge of] the interpretation of the Kur-an, and saying that which is right in relation to it: so in the Kur ii. 272. (TA.) __ And The gift of prophecy, or the prophetic office; (K, TA;) and apostleship : so in the Kur ii. 252 and iii. 43 and xxxviii. 19: (TA:) or in the [first and] last of these instances it means ____ The Book of the Psalms [of David] : or, as some say, any saying, or discourse, agreeable with the truth: (Mgh:) and it also means [in other instances] the Book of the Law of Moses : (TA:) and the Gospel: and the Kur-án: (K:) because each of these comprises what is termed i. e. the secrets of the sciences, الحِكْمَةُ الْمَنْطُوقُ بِهَا of the law and of the course of conduct; and i.e. the secrets of the science الحكْمَةُ المَسْكُوتُ عَنْهَا of the Divine Essence. (TA.)

[A kind of curb for a horse;] a certain appertenance of a beast . so called because it renders him manageable, or submissive, to the rider, and prevents him from being refractory and the like; (Msb;) or because it prevents him from vehement running: (TA:) it is the appertenance of the Lela [or bridle] that surrounds the Line [or part beneath the chin and lower jaw] : the Arabs used to make it of untanned thong or of hemp; because what they aimed at was courage, not finery: (S:) or the appertenance of the Line that surrounds the Line [which word app. here means the two jaws] of the horse, and in which are [attached] the عذاران [or two side-pieces of the headstall, that lie against the two cheehs]: (K:) or a ring which surrounds

fore it is divided into intellectual and practical:

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