حطير-- حطب

with calumny, or slander, among, or between, the people. (A.) _____ Also 1 The prunings of a grape-vine; (S,*A;) and so * ______: (A:) the dry portions of a grape-vine that are of no use but for fire: (Mgh:) * the latter is explained by ISh as meaning the prunings that are cut off each year from the upper, or uppermost, portions of a grape-vine. (TA.)

مطبّ, applied to a man, (Ṣ,) [and app. to cattle, (see (حُشَبُ)] + Very lean or meagre; as also (جُطَبُ الله: (Ṣ, Ķ :) or the latter means unluchy, or unfortunate; syn. مُشْؤُوم ; (Ķ;) in some copies of the Ķ مَوْسُومٌ ; (TA;) and its fem. is . (Ķ.)

[app. an inf. n., see 1,] + The pruning of a grape-vine until reaching the part in which the sap runs. (Ķ.) ____ See also _____, in two places.

جليب, (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) fem. with ō, (K,) A place, (Ṣ, Mṣb, K,) or land, (K,) abounding with firewood. (Ṣ,* Mṣb, K.)

مُطُوبَة A handful, or bundle, of firewood. (K,* TA.)

جطّاب : see ... Also + A camel that feeds upon the small and dry parts of branches : (K, TA :) fem. with 5. (TA.) [See 8.]

A collector of firewood : (Msb, TA :) and so * حطّابٌ, (A, Mşb,) but in an intensive sense: (Msb:) or the latter, one who collects and sells firewood : (TA :) and a company of collectors of firewood : (S, Mgh :) and idi female slaves who collect [حَاطَبَة [pl. of مَوَاطَبُ أَهُوَ حَاطَبٌ لَيْل [Hence,] [Hence,] هُوَ حَاطَبٌ لَيْل ; He is one who confuses in his speech, (A, K,) and in his affair : (TA:) or one who speaks what is bad and what is good : (S, TA :) like him who collects firewood by night; (TA;) for this person sees not what he collects in his rope, (S, TA,) so he collects bad and good. (TA.) Az says, one who acts unjustly towards himself is likened to a collector of wood by night, because the latter may chance to put his hand upon a viper, and be bitten by it: and so is one who does not restrain his tongue, but censures others; by doing which a man sometimes occasions his own death. (TA.) It is said in a prov., المكتَّار t The loquacious is [like] a collector أيل of firewood by night. (A'Obeyd, TA.)

حَطِبٌ see : أَحْطَبُ.

+ A pruning-knife. (K, TA.)

مُحَاطَبَةً + A she-camel that eats dry thorns. (Ş, Ķ.)

t A small creeping thing that goes along upon the ground with pieces of wood, or stich, clinging to it. (Ham p. 207.)

1. مطبر, aor. -, inf. n. مطبر, It broke, or became broken, in pieces; as also انحطر (Msb) and تحطر (TA:) or these two, (S, K,) or [correctly] the former [only], (TA,) it broke, or became broken: (S, K, TA:) or they are

peculiarly said of that which is dry, or tough; (K, TA;) as a bone and the like. (TA.) _ [Hence,] خطبَت الدابة + The beast became aged [and emaciated and neak, or broken with age: see مُطْهَر, below]. (S.) __ And + The beast had a disease (termed حُطَر) in his legs. (TA.) == , (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ķ,) aor. -, (Msb, Ķ,) inf. n. مَطْهُ, (Ş, Mşb, K,) He broke it : (Ş, K :) or it applies peculiarly to that which is dry, or tough; (K, TA;) as a bone and the like: (TA:) as also ، (K,) inf. n. تَحطيمُ (S:) or the latter signifies he broke it in pieces, (S,) and so the former; (Msb;) or the latter, he broke it much. (Msb, TA.) _ He, or it, crushed it, or bruised it; as, for instance, a lion, that which he devours ; and as a camel and a shcep or goat, the ground with his feet or hoofs, and the trees and herbs in eating them ; and as the wind, that upon which it blows [vehemently]. (TA.) It is said in a trad., اَيْتُ جَهْنَمَ يَحْتِم بَعْضَهَا بَعْضًا [I saw Hell-fire, one part thereof crushing another : or, as though pressing upon another ; from what next follows]. (TA.) One says of people crowding together, ايتحطير بغضهر بعضا [They crush bruise, or press upon, one another]. (TA.) And of a vehement driver, يحطم المال [Ile bruises the cattle, or camels Sc.]. (A, TA.) - One says also, المُرْتَعَ بَعَلَيْنَا المُرْتَعَ , meaning t Spoil not thou to us the pasturage by pasturing upon it. (TA.) _ And مَطَمَر فَلَانًا أَهْلُهُ His family rendered such a one a broken old man; as though they loaded him with their burdens. (TA.) And (ج) + Age rendered him infirm. (TA.)

2: sce 1.

5: see 1. You say also, تحطّم البَيْض عَنِ [The eggs broke in pieces so as to disclose the young birds]. (TA.) And تَحَطَّمتَ الأَرْضُ يُبْسًا The ground, or earth, crumbled by reason of excessive dryness. (TA.) And تحطّم النَّاس The people crowded together, crushing, bruising, or pressing upon, one another. (TA.) And النَّاس عَلَيْه انحطم عَلَيْه The people pressed together, or crowded, upon it, or him. (ISd, TA.) And نَحْطَم عَلَيْه the became inflamed with wrath, or rage, against him. (K, *TA.)

7: see 1: ____ and 5.

مَطَرَّر inf. n. of حَطَرَ [q. v.]. (Mşb.) ___ Also A certain disease in the legs of a beast. (Ķ.)

A thing (Mşb) breaking in pieces of itself. (Ṣ, M̃şb, Ķ.) — † A horse broken by age: (Ṣ:) or a horse weak by reason of leanness and old age: (Az, TA:) or an aged beast. (Mşb.)

صطر One who breaks the ranks on the right and left; and أَصْفُوف (signifies the same]. (TA.) _ See also مُطَهَة , in five places.

. حَطَيَة see : حَطَير

مَطْهَةُ The crowding, thronging, or pressing, of men; and their pushing one another. (TA.) ______ The tide (دَفْعَة) of a torrent; like (Ṣ.) — The havoc of a lion among cattle. (TA.) — *t Dearth, drought,* or sterility; or a year of dearth, &c.; (Ṣ, Ķ, TA;) because it breaks (مُعْمَةُ verything; (TA;) as also تُعْمَةُ and * مَاطُومُ : (Ķ:) or this last is not used except as meaning continual dearth &c. (TA.) [See also the last of these words below.]

: see what next precedes.

ظمَعُ What is broken in pieces, or what one breaks, [accord. to different copies of the K, the former accord. to the reading in the TA,] of a thing that is dry, or tough; (K, TA;) as also المعدد (K:) pl. of the former معدد (K:) pl. of the former of spear-shaft, broken in pieces, as is indicated in the TA], in which the term حطية is regarded as applying to every portion. (K, TA.) [See .]

A vehement fire, (K,) that breaks in pieces everything that is cast into it. (TA.) Hence, (S, TA,) in a name of Hell, (K,) or of Hell-fire: (S, K:) or, as some say, the fourth stage of Hell: (Har. p. 347:) or a gate of Hell. (K.) __ 1A man who eats much; (S, TA ;) as also * حطور ; who breaks everything in eating : (Har p. 580 :) and the latter, and the an insatiable man. (TA.) - +A large number of camels, (T, S, K,) and of sheep or goats: (T. K:) because they break, or crush, (T, S, TA,) the herbage, (T, TA,) or everything, (S, TA,) or the ground with their fect or hoofs, and the trees and herbs in eating them. (TA.) - Also, and , (S, K,) ; A pastor having little mercy upon the cattle; (S, TA;) or who acts injuriously towards them; (K, TA;) causing them to crush, or bruise, one another; (S, K, TA;) or as though he crushed, or bruised, them by his vehcment driving: (A, TA:) or the former signifies a pastor who does not allow his beasts to avail themselves of the plentiful pasturages, nor let them disperse themselves in the pasturage: and the latter, one who is ungentle, or rough; as though he broke, or crushed, or bruised, them when dri-سَوَّاق حُطَم * ving them or pasturing them : and signifies a man who drives beasts vehemently, crushing them, or bruising them, by reason of his vehement driving; but it is used by way of comparison, as meaning tcunning and versatile. (TA.) The worst of pastors is [The worst of pastors is the ungentle, who causes the beasts to crush, or bruise, one another]: (S, K:) accord. to the S, a prov. : accord. to Sgh and the K, not a prov., but a trad. : but many of the trads. are reckoned among provs. : it is applied to him who governs, or manages, ill. (MF, TA.) Hence also what is related in a trad. of 'Alee, that Kureysh, when they saw him in war, or battle, used to say, Beware ye of the] احْذَرُوا الحَطَمَ احْذَرُوا الحَطَمَ rough one! Beware ye of the rough one !]. (TA.)

Coats of mail; so called from a maker thereof named حطَيَة: or such as break the swords: or such as are heavy and wide: (K:) the first of which explanations is the most probable. (TA.)

What is broken in pieces, of a thing that