horses of the angels ; (S;) the horse of Gabriel: (K:) accord. to some, [صیزون,] with $ن$ in the place of the مر. (TA.) $=$ See also
[More, and most, prudent, discrete, or
 [More prudent, or cautious, than a chameleon]. (Meyd. [See Freytag's Arab. Prov. i. 399.]) = Also, applied to a horse, (S,) Large, or full, in the sides, or in the sides and belly and fank; contr. of أُمْضَ. (S., K.) —And, applied to a camel, (TA,) Large in the حَيْزور: (K:) or large in the place of the [or girth]. (T, TA.) - See also حَزْ.
 a substitute for the ب. (TA.)
 the

## هزن

1. 

 ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathrm{K}$, ) and ${ }^{\dagger}$; (K ; ) He was, or became, affected with ${ }^{\circ}$ [q. v.; i. e. he grieved, mourned, or lamented; or was sorromful, sad, or unhappy; \&c.; عَلْيْ and for him or it]. (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ.)
 and iii. 133], do not denote a prohibition of getting صُزْن; for for does not come by the will of man: the real meaning is $D_{o}$ not thou, and ye, that which engenders and ye, acquire غْ. (Er-Rághib. [But this requires consideration; or, rather, is not in every

 $H e$, (another person, $\mathbf{S}$,) or $i t$, (an affair, or an event, or a case, Mşb, K,) caused him to be affected with [ُزْنر [which see below; i. e. grieved him; or caused kim to mourn or lament, or to be sorrowful or sad or unhappy ; \&c.]: (Ș, Mṣb, $\mathbf{K}$ :) accord. to $\mathbf{Y z}$, (S,) the former is of the dial. of Kureysh; and the latter, of the dial. of Temeem: (Ş, Mṣb:) and so say Th and Az: (Masb, TA:) but the former is said to be the more approved: (TA:) or, accord. to AZ, the aor. of the former is used, but not the pret.; (Mssb, TA;) and when the act is ascribed to God, the latter verb is used: Z, also, says that what is well known in usage is the employing the pret. of the latter and the aor. of the former:
 [q. v.]; and
 or
 and استتززنت; (TA;) The ground was, or became, rough, (TA,) or rugged and hard. (S.) -One says also of a beast that is not easy to ride upon, يَهْزُنُ المَشْىْ $\ddagger$ [ $H e$ is rough in pace $]$ :
and and $\ddagger$ [In him is roughness in pace]. (TA.)
2. يَقْرأُ بِالتَّْنْرِينِ He reads, or recites, with a slender [and plaintive] voice. (S., K.) - Sce also 1.
 of alighting, or abode, was, or became, rough, or rugged and hard, with us: or made us to be on rugged ground. (TA.) —And آلie ras, or became, in a tract such as is termed ${ }^{\text {al }}$ [i. c. rugged, or rugged and hard: opposed to أَّأَهنَ]. (K.) [And hence,] اصزنوا They used roughness with men : opposed to اسهلوا. (TA in art. سهل.)
5: see 1. تَعزّن عَلْيهِ He expressed pain, grief, or sorron, or he lamented, or moaned, for, or on account of, him, or it; syn. تَوَبَّعْ. (К) $\left.\begin{array}{l}\text { 6: } \\ \text { 8: } \\ 10:\end{array}\right\}$ see 1.
Rugged (Ṣ, Mṣb,Ḳ) and hard (Ṣ) ground: (S, M\&b, K : ) or rugged high ground: (TA : [see also مَزْ:] :] good land, though hard, is not thus termed: (ISh:) pl. هُزُون: (Msb, TA:) and
 as some say, does "عُزُ, with two dammehs; or, as others say, this is a pl. of : مَزْ : and you say also "أرضْ عَزْنَّةُ land of a rugged, or rugged and hard, or rugged and high, kind]. (TA.)
(Lth, S, K, $\mathbf{K}$ ) the former said by AA to be used when the nom. or gen. case is employed, and the latter when the accus. is employed; (TA ;) or the former is a simple subst., and the latter an inf. n.; (Mssb;) Grief, mourning, lamentation, sorrow, sadness, or unhappiness;
 [áa, accord. to common usage, is for some evil that is expected to happen; whereas] is grief arising on account of an unpleasant event that has happened, or on account of an object of love that has passed away; and is the contr. of -َرْ : (El-Munáwee, TA:) or a roughness in the spirit, occasioned by grief: (Er-Rághib, TA:) pl. أَهْزَأْ ; (K ;) [properly a pl. of pauc.; but] it has no other pl. (TA.) [Hence,] عَامُ الُُْزُن The year [of mourning; ; in nhich died Khadecjeh and Aboo-Tálib: (IAar, Th, K :) so called by Mohammad. (IAar, Th.) الحقْنُ لِلهِ أَلَّذى أَذْهَبْ
 mean [Praise be to God, who hath dispelled from us] the anxiety (هَ) of the morning and evening meals : or all grieving anxiety of the means of subsistence: or the grief of punishment: or of death. (TA.)


Rugged mountains: pl. (As, Ṣ, K.) - And [hence,] the pl., + Difficulties, hardships, or distresses. (TA.)

200
A camel that pastures in a tract such as
 .
حْزْن [i. e. grief, mourning, \&c.]; as also ${ }^{\text {| }}$ (K,* TA.)

A sheep, or goat, (شَزُونٌ (شَاةٌ) evil in disposition. (S., K.)
حَزْنْ " (K) Grieving, mourning, lamenting, sorrowful, sad, or unhappy: (Ṣ, Mṣb,* K:* [see also متْْزُزُ; with which, accord. to the K $\mathbf{Y}$, all seem to be syn.; and with which the first may be regarded as properly syn. on the ground of analogy, being from

 - صوْتِ حزِينْ A soft or gentle, easy, slender, plaintive, and melodious, voice. (TA.) - مَالك A certain bird. (TA. [See art. الحَزِين ]
عُزانَة A man's family, or household, for n'hose case he suffers grief and anxiety. (S, K.) [And simply One's family, or household.] One says,
 [Such a one cares not, when his store-room is full, that his family, or household, suffer hunger]. (A, TA.) $=A$ prior right which the Arabs enjoy over the forcigners, on their first arrival [in the territory of the latter], nith respect to the houses and lands: ( $\mathrm{M}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) or a condition which the Arabs used to impose upon the foreigners in Khurásán, when they took a town, or district, pacifically, that when the soldiery [of the former] passed by them, singly or in companies, they should lodge them, and entertain them, and supply them with provisions for their march to another district. (Az,TA.)

مُمْعُزُنْ مُمْزَنْ
[Griering, or causing to mourn or lament, \&co.,] is applied to an event, or a case; and also, but not

## مِمْزَانْ

Grieved; or caused to mourn or lament, or to be sorroniful or sad or unhappy; (AA, S,
 Rough in the لهزمة [app. meaning the angle of the lower jans, or the flesh on that part]: and having the لهزمة hanging down, [by the relaxation of its muscle,] in consequence of grief. (TA.)

## هزى and


 (Ṣ,) [inf. n. عزَى;] He computed, or determined, the quantity, measure, or the like, of the thing; ( S ;) he computed by conjecture the quantity, \&c.

