Hence the saying, حَدَأُ * وَرَآءُكُ بُنْدُقَة , (Ş, K, TA,) for which the vulgar say, احدا حدا, (Ṣ,) [accord. to some, meaning O kite, O kite, a bullet is behind thee: accord. to others, O Hida, O Hida, Bundukah is behind thee:] Esh-Sharkee (Ibn-El-Kutamee, TA) says, (S,) بُنْدُقَةُ and مُنْدُقة were two tribes, descendants of حِدَاً بْنُ نَمِرَة and ; سَعْدُ العَشيرَة Ç, K,*) and both of ,بُنْدُقَةُ بُنُ مَظَّة (S, TA;) the former in El-Koofeh, and the latter in El-Yemen: the former attacked the latter, and obtained spoil from them; and then the latter attacked the former, and destroyed them: (TA:) and hence this saying: (S, K, TA:) or is here an apocopated form of عداة : (S, K:) so says ISk: (S:) and AO says that by it is here meant the bird [i. e. the kite]; and by بندقة, the thing with which one shoots [from a cross-bow, namely, a bullet]; and the prov. is used to caution a person: accord. to Ibn-El-Kelbee, it is applied to him who esteems himself cunning in an affair, and is outwitted therein by another: accord. to the A, to him who is threatened with an evil near سَالْفَة also significs The حَدَّاةً عالمَة (meaning the fore part, TA, [or the fore part from beneath the ear to the middle of the collarbone,]) of the neck of a horse : (As, K:) pl. 21. . حَدُأَةً See also

and عَدْيَنَة: see the next preceding paragraph.

1. حَدْبُ; (Ṣ,* A, Mgh,* Meb, K;) and احدب , and بتحادب , (K,) and احدود (S, K;) He (a man, Msb) was, or became, humpbacked; (Mgh, Msb;) he had a prominent, or protuberant, back, and a hollow, or receding, chest (A,* K) and belly: (K:) [accord. to the Msb, from حدب signifying "elevated ground;" but the reverse is indicated in the A:] and it (the back) was, or became, humped, or protuberant; (S, A;*) as also انحدب (KL.) - And the first, +It (a thing) rose, or grew up or out, high: (KL:) [it was, or became, gibbous, or convex; as also احدودب عَلَيْه __. [.] محدب عَلَيْه __. (Ṣ, A, K,) inf. n. as above; (KL,TA;) and تحدّب; (S, A, K;) ! He was, or became, affectionate, favourable, or kind, to him. (S, A,* K, KL, TA.) And مَدِيَتُ عَلَى وَلَدِهَا (妖,* TA,) inf. n. as above; (TA;) and تحديث; (K;) \$ She (a woman) applied herself constantly to the care of her child, or children, after the loss of her husband, not marrying again. (K, TA.) عدب aic, aor. , inf. n. حدب, He repelled from him, and defended him. (MF, TA.)

2. تحدیب [inf. n. of حدب The act of elevating, or raising high, the back. (KL.) _ [And, accord. to Golius, as on the authority of the KL, The making a thing gibbous, or convex: but this meaning which the word has in the present day, I do not find in my copy of the KL.]

4. احديه He (God) rendered him humpbacked. (S.) - + He, or it, rendered him affectionate, favourable, or kind. (KL.)

it, clung, or clave, to it. (K, TA.)

6: see 1.

7 : see 1.

9: see 1.

12: see 1, in two places. __ Also + It (sand) was, or became, curved, or minding; or curved, or winding, and long. (K.)

High, or elevated, ground; so in the Kur xxi. 96; (S, A, Msh;) as also مدبة , and so حَدُبٌ منَ الأَرْض : (A:) or rugged and high ground : (T, K:) pl. حداب (S) [and app., accord. to the TA, أَحْدَاب also, a pl. of pauc.]. And \$ Sand brought by the wind, [or blown together, and elevated. (A, TA.) And hence, as being likened to such sand, (IAar, TA,) What is scattered, and heaped up, of [the species of barley-grass called] بهمى. (IAar, K, TA.) And خدب الماء + The elevated waves of water: (T, TA:) or the rolling over of water, volume over volume: (K, TA:) or the rolling of mater in waves. (TA.) And حدب الغدير + The motion and waves of the pool of water left by a torrent. (IAar, TA.) And تَحْبُ السَّيْلِ † The rise, or swell, and abundance, of the torrent. $(A, TA.) \longrightarrow +A$ slope in a declivity; expl. by as in the correct copies of the K, and in the L; in some copies of the K ; (TA;) [in the CK عَدُب;] as the حَدُب of waves (in some copies of the K, of the wind, TA, [an evident mistranscription, الريح for إلهوج) and of sand. (K.) _ + A mark left upon the skin; (As, K;) such as the [weal or] swelling and thickness produced by beating. (As, TA.) __ ; The intenseness of the cold of winter. (A, K.) = A certain plant: or the [plant called] .نُصِيّ (K.)

عُدِبْ: see أَحُدُبُ Also ‡ Affectionate, favourable, or kind. (A, TA.) You say, هُوَ حَدبٌ ile is affectionate, &c., to his brother. عُلَى أَحْيِه (A.) أَرْضُ حَدبَةُ A land abounding with the plant called ____. (K.)

A hump on the back. (Az, S, A, Mgh.) _See also حَدُبُ.

اب , like ,قَطَام (K,) indecl., (TA,) † year of drought, barrenness, or dearth: (K:) or a year of severe drought. (TA.)

see what next follows.

احدب Humpbacked; (S, Mgh, Msb;) having a prominent, or protuberant, back, and a hollow, or receding, chest and belly; (K;) and محدب or receding, chest and belly; signifies the same: (Sb, S, K:) fem. of the former ابْنَةُ (Msb.) and pl. حُدْبُ. (Msb, TA.) : حَدْبًاءُ dim. of حَدْبَاءُ (dim. of حَدْبَاءُ), meaning A little humpbacked daughter, occurs in a trad. (TA.) -Hence, ٱللهُ حَدْبَاءُ, (see a verse of Kanb Ibn-Zuheyr, voce أَلَةٌ, in art. اول,) † A gibbous bier : (A,* TA:) or (as used in that verse) it means a distressing state, or condition: or an elevated apparatus. (TA.) And رُمُلَةُ حَدْبًاءُ † [A gibbous tract

5: see 1, in two places. __ تحدّب به He, or of sand]. (ISh, K in art. دبح, &c.) And نَاقَةُ رَابَةُ حدباً: (S, A,) or دَابَةُ حدباً: (K,) A she-camel, (S, A,) or a beast, (K,) the prominent parts of whose hips, (S, A, K,) and the bone of whose back, (TA,) appear, (S, A, K,) by reason of her leanness. (A, TA.) And عدباً عدباً are expressions used in the same sense: (L, TA:) pl. is the الأُحْدَب _ (S, L, TA.) الأُحْدَب حَدَابير name of A vein (عرق) penetrating into, or lying within, the bone (app. a mistranscription for adde the upper portion]) of the fore-arm. (K.) عُطَّةً حَدْبَاءً (A) and أَمْرُ أَحْدَبُ (A, TA) \$A difficult affair: (A,TA:) and أُمُورُ حُدْبُ (K) tifficult affairs; (A, K, TA;) حُدْبُ الأُمُور sing. حَدْبَاءُ [for خُطَّةُ حَدْبَاءُ or the like]. (K.) And أَسْنَةُ حَدْبًا A severe, cold year. (A, TA.) [Hence,] وسيق أحدب †A quick driving. (TA.) __[Hence, also,] الأُحْدُبُ [used as a subst.] + Vehemence, severity, difficulty, or distress; syn. الشدّة (K.) = [Also + More, and most, affec-أُحَدُبُهُمْ عَلَى [.tionate, favourable, or kind said of Aboo-Bekr, in a trad. of 'Alee, means + The most affectionate, favourable, or kind, of them, to the Muslims. (TA.)

1. حَدَث (S, A, Mgh, Msb, K,) aor. عرث (Mgh, (S, Mgh, Mab, K) and حَدُوثُ (S, Mgh, Mab, K) (A, K,) It was new, or recent; contr. of: (S,* A, K:) it (a thing) came into existence; began to be; had a beginning; began, or originated; existed newly, for the first time, not having been before: (S, Mgh, Msb, TA:) but when mentioned with قَدُم, it is written حَدُثُ with damm to the , (S, Mgh, K,) as in the saying, أَخَذَنِى مَا قَدُمَ وَمَا حَدُثَ (S,) or i, (A, Mgh,) meaning Old and new anxieties and thoughts [came into my mind, or his mind, or overcame me, or him]; (TA;) or old and new griefs or sorrows; (Mgh;) the former saying occurring in a trad.: (TA:) the verb is not thus in any other case [in this sense]. (S.) You say, A vice, or fault, or the like, originated in him, or it, not having been before. (Msb.) And حَدثُ أُمْر An affair, or event, originated: (Mgh:) or happened, or came to pass. (Ṣ.) مُدُوثُ زَمَانِيُّ is of two kinds: مُدُوثُ which is A thing's being preceded by non-existence : and حُدُوثٌ ذَاتِيُّ, which is a thing's being dependent upon another for its existence. (KT.) and حَداثَة , [as inf. ns. of which the verb, if they have one, is, accord. to analogy, relating to a man, signify The being, young; or [as simple substs.] youthfulness. (ISd, K.)

2. حدثه [He told him, or related to him. something; he discoursed to him, or talked to him: sec also 5]. You say, حدّثه الحديث (L,) and مدّثه به (A,* L,) inf. n. تُحديث, a word of well-known meaning, (S,) He told him, or related to him, the story, or narrative, or tradition. (L.)