He repaired, or betook himself, to حدّد بَلَدًا_ the limits, or boundaries, of a country, or town. (L.) And and and He repaired, or hetook himself, to him, or it. (K.) = As an intrans. v., inf. n. تحديد, It (seed-produce) mas late in coming forth because of the lateness of rain, (K, TA,) and then came forth [pointed,] without forking, or shooting forth into separate stalks or stems. (TA.) _ حدر عليه : see 1.

3. أَرْضَنَا تَحَادُ أَرْضَكُم Our land borders upon or is conterminous with, your land; syn. تتاخمها inf. n. , (S,) t He acted towards him with reciprocal anger and enmity (L, K) and opposition or contrariety or repugnance, (S, K,) contending with him, (TA,) and refusing to do what mas incumbent on him: (S:) like شاقد: as though meaning he became in the ..., i. e. the side, region, quarter, or tract, in which was (or opposite to that in which was, Zj) his enemy; like as شاقه means he became in the شاقه, i. e. the side, or quarter, in which was [or opposite to that in which was] his enemy: (L:) and talk (TA,) inf. n. , (S,) signifies the same. (S, TA.)

4: see 1, in three places.

- 5: see 1, last sentence.
- 6: see 3.

7. It was, or became, slender. (TA in art.)___ Sce 1, latter part.

8: sec 1, latter part, in three places.

10. استحد as a trans. v.: see 1. == Also t He shared (S, Mgh, K) his pubes (S, Mgh) with [a razor of] iron: (Mgh, K :) derived from (Mgh.) __ See also 1, last sentence.

, for أَحَد , in the phrase يا حَد رَآها see أحد in art. احد

Prevention, hinderance, an impediment, a withholding, restraint, a debarring, inhibition, forbiddance, prohibition, or interdiction; (S, Mgh, L, Msb, K, TA ;) as also * حدر (S, L, K:) and, both words, a repelling, or an averting. (K. [See 1.]) A poet says, (S,) namely, Zeyd Ibn-'Amr Ibn-Nufeyl, (TA,)

- لَا تَعْبُدُنَّ إِلَمًا غَيْرَ خَالِقَكُمُ
- وَإِنْ دُعِيتُمْ فَقُولُوا دُونَهُ حَدَدُ *

[Ye shall by no means worship any deity except

your Creator; and if ye be invited to do so, say ye, There is an impediment in the way of it, or a prohibition against it]. (S, TA.) And one savs, * دُونَ مَا سَأَلْتَ عَنْهُ حَدَد * (A,* L) There is an impediment, or a prohibition, in the way of that respecting which thou hast asked. (L.) And There is nothing to prevent, or فَحَدَد * عَنه hinder, one from it. (L. [But this admits of another meaning, as will be seen, under the word , below.]) _ [Hence,] A restrictive ordinance, or statute, of God, respecting things lawful and things unlamful : pl. . (L.) The acet of God are of two kinds: first, those ordinances prescribed to men (T, Mgh, L) respecting eat-

ables and drinkables and marriages &c.; what are lawful thereof and what are unlamful: (T, L:) the second kind, castigations, or punishments, prescribed, or appointed, to be inflicted upon him who does that which he has been forbidden to do; (T, Mgh, L;) as the ... of the thief, which is the, cutting off of his right hand for stealing a thing of the value of a quarter of a deenar or more; and that of the fornicator or fornicatress, which is flogging with a hundred stripes and banishment for a year; and that of the adulterer or adulteress, which is stoning; and that of the person who [falsely] charges an honest or a married woman with adultery, which is flogging with eighty stripes [as is also that of the person who has committed the crime of drunkenness]: (T, L:) the first kind are called because they denote limits which God has forbidden to transgress : the second, because they prevent one's committing again those acts for which they are appointed as punishments; (T, Mgh, L;) or because the limits thereof are determined: (Mgh:) the latter kind of _____ is also explained as being that [castigation, or punishment,] which prevents the criminal from returning to his crime, and prevents others from committing his crime. (L, K.*) لَوْ رَأَيْتُهُ عَلَى حَدٍّ in a saving of 'Omar, means Hadst thou seen him engaged in an affair requiring the infliction a partition, or a separation, (S, A, Mgh, L, Msb,*K,) between two things, (S, A, L, K,) or between two places, (Mgh,) [or between two persons,] to prevent their commixture, or confusion, or the encroachment of one upon the other: (L:) an inf. n. used as a subst.: (Mgh:) pl. حدود. (L.) - A limit, or boundary, of a land or territory : pl. as above. (L.) [Hence, + He, or it, exceeded the proper, due, جاوز الحد or common, limit; was excessive, immoderate, beyond measure, enormous, inordinate, or exorbitant.] _ [And hence, in logic, + A definition.] It is applied by the learned to the as of a thing, [or that by being which a thing is what it is,] because it is [a term] collective and restrictive. (Mgh.) __ The end, extremity, or utmost point, of a thing: (S, L, K:) pl. as above. (L.) [† The point, or verge, of an event.] The saying مُسْلِمَةً مُوْقُوفَةً عَلَى حَدٍّ مُحْرَمٍ means + A Muslimeh brought to the point, or verge, of being subjected to an infidel's lying with her : and in like manner, مُسْلَمٌ مَوْقُوفٌ عَلَى حَدَّ تُخْفِر /A Muslim brought, by beating or slaughter, to [the point, or verge, of] denying God. (Mgh.) ____ The edge, or extremity of the edge, (S, L,) and point, (L,) of anything, (S, L,) as of a sword, a knife, a spear-head, and an arrow: (L:) the part of a sword [&c.] with which one cuts: (MF:) pl. as above. (L.) __ See also , in four places. __ [And hence, app.,] Arms, or weapons; as in the phrase زُوو حَد Possessors of arms or meapons: or this may mean t persons endowed with valour]. (Ham p. 143.) _ A side, region, quarter, or tract. (L.) - + Station, standing, rank, condition, or the like; syn. مَرْتَبَة. (KL.) _ [+ A case : as when a noun is said ;] and hence, for ;] occurring in

to be في حدّ in the nominative case. ____ And + A class, or category: as when a verb is said to be من حد ضرب of the class, or category, of إَضَرَبَ [A quarter of the year.] You say, أَقَامَ حَدَّ الرَّبِيع He remained, stayed, or abode, during the quarter of the (A.) = See also .

A small quantity of water or milk &c. remaining in a vessel or skin; syn. and (K.) صَبَّةُ

[Sharpness of a sword, a knife, or the like : see 1]. _ [And hence,] \$ Sharpness, or hastiness, of temper; irascibility, passionateness, or angriness; (Ks, S, A, L, K;) as also * -: (Ks, S, L, K:) *t sharpness* [or effectiveness] in respect of eloquence, and of intellect or understanding, and of anger : (L:) ; sharpness, penetrating energy, vigorousness, effectiveness, and brishness, in the performance of affairs; and also, in matters of religion, with ambition to attain what is good : from as signifying the "edge" of a sword [&c.]: (L:) and * the latter word, [or rather both,] 1 a man's sharpness, penetrating energy, or vigour, in the exercise of courage; his mettle; (L;) his valour, or valiantness, in war. (S, A, L, K.) You say, * إنَّه لَبِينَ الحَدَّ (S, A, L, K.) You say, إنَّه لَبِينَ الحَدَّ he is one mho displays sharpness like that of a knife. (L.) مَدَّة and مَدَدً quality of anything, are syn. (K.) [Both signify + Sharpness ; vehemence ; force ; and strength : and] both, + the force, or strength, of wine and the like; syn. سُورة (Msb and K, in explanation of the former, [which is the more common,] in art. ; meaning صَلَابَة (MF;) and تَعَدَّة). (S and L in explanation of the latter in the present art.) [Also, the former, + Pungency; acridness.]

see مَدْ, first four sentences. ___ You say also, مَا لِي عَنْ هَٰذَا الأَمْرِ حَدَد (\$, A,*) and (K, TA,) مُحَدَّ[†] (K,) مما لى عَنْهُ مُحْتَدً[†] with damm, of the same measure as , (TA,) or view, (so in the CK,) I have no may of avoiding, or escaping, this thing. (Ş, A, K.) And مَا أَجِدُ مِنْهُ مُحْتَدًا لا وَلا مُلْتَدًا way of avoiding, nor any way of escaping, it. (S.) = Also, (L.) and مُحَدُود (Mşb.) Prevented, hindered, impeded, withheld, restrained, debarred, inhibited, forbidden, prohibited, or interdicted. (L, Msb.) You say, and All This is a forbidden, or prohibited, thing; a thing unlawful to be done, or committed. (S. [See also what follows.]) And حَدَدًا أَنْ يَكُونَ كُذَا (S,* A, L) Forbidden be it that it should be so: like as you say, أَنَهُ ذَلِكَ عَنَّا مُعَاذَ ٱللهُ قَدْ حَدَّ ٱللهُ ذَلِكَ عَنَّا (؟, A,* L.) أمر حدد (also signifies A disallored, and vain, or false, thing or affair. (L.) And case A vain, or false, pretension. (S, L, K.)

, like قطام, [indecl., a proper name, for for فَجَارٍ fem. act. part. n. of أَحَدَّ; like فَجَارٍ for