You say, فُلَانْ لَا يَرْكُشُ المحْجَنَ [lit. Such a one will not kick the crooked stick or staff], meaning + such a one is of no use, or stands one in no stead: the saying originating from the fact is put between the hind legs of the camel, and if he be inert, or wanting in vigour, he will not kick it; but if he be sharp in spirit, he will kick it and go on. (TA.) And you say, meaning + Verily he is one who إنَّهُ لَمِحْجَنُ مَال puts the cattle into a good state, and pastures and manages them well. (TA.) Also + A brand, or mark made with a hot iron, upon a camel, in the form of a line with a crooked, or hooked, end, like the stick so called. (TA. [See also تحجين.]) _ And The [hooked] bill of a bird; because of its crookedness. (TA.)

see the next preceding paragraph.

A camel marked with the brand termed

(TA.)

1. (S, K,) aor. (S, TA,) inf. n. (S, TA,) He thought, or opined: (S, TA:) or he thought, or opined, a thing, and, doing so, claimed it (Ical), not being certain of it: (K:) [or he thought it and asserted it; as appears from a verse here following, cited in the TA as an ex. of the meaning explained as above in the K:] and alone, he thought, or opined, a thing, not being certain of it. (T, TA.) You say, Italy I think, or opine, that there is good in him. (S, TA.) And Aboo-Shembel says, respecting Aboo-'Amr Esh-Shey-banee,

قَدُّ كُنْتُ أَحْجُو أَبَا عَهْرِو أَخَا ثِقَةٍ حَتَّى أَنَيَّتُ بِنَا يَوْمًا مُلِمَّاتُ

[I used to think and assert Aboo-'Amr to be a trustworthy person, until, one day, misfortunes (S, حَجَا القَوْمَ كُذَا وَكُذَا _ (TA.) (\$, K*) He repaid, requited, compensated, or recompensed, the people, or party, [with, or for, such and such things,] syn. جزاهم; [so in my copies of the S, and in the K; but Freytag gives, as the reading found by him in the Ṣ, حزاهم, as though meaning he computed them by conjecture to be such and such in number; which is agreeable with what follows;] and he thought them to be so. (S.) He directed himself, or his course or aim, to, or towards, him, or it : (Az, TA :) and he directed himself, or his course or aim, to, or towards, the thing. (S, TA.) = Also, (K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He kept a secret : (K :) or he concealed it: (AZ, TA:) [and المعاجي has a similar meaning; for] you say, وَمُصَاجَاةُ عَنْدى i. e. There is no concealment with me in respect of such a thing; as also كَافَاةُ كِي. (TA.) __ إبله __), said of a pastor, He does not, or will not, keep and tend, or pasture and defend, his camels. (TA.) One says also of a pastor whose sheep or goats [and camels] are lost by مَا يَحْجُو غُنْهُهُ وَلا إِبِلُهُ him, and become dispersed, مَا يَحْجُو غُنْهُهُ وَلا إِبِلُهُ [He does not keep his sheep or goats, nor his camels, from being lost and becoming dispersed].

(TA.) _ مَعَامُّ لاَ يَحْجُو الْمَاءُ . (TA.) مَا حَجُوتُ منه لله hold, or retain, water. (TA.) _ ما I did not keep, or retain in my memory, of it, aught; as also ما هُجُوت. (Ks, TA.) = Also, (K,) inf. n. as above, (TA,) He, or it, prevented, or withheld. (K, TA.) [See -] = arie . see 3. عَجَا بِالْهُكَانِ see 3. فَحَجُوتُهُ . [Ş, K,) inf. n. as above, (K,) He remained, stayed, dwelt, or abode, in the place, (S, K, TA,) and became fixed [therein]; (TA;) as also متحجى الله (S, K.) And La, (IAar, K,) inf. n. as above, (IAar,) He stopped, or paused. (IAar, K.) _ And به إن (see Ḥam p. 523,)] He was, or became, tenacious, or avaricious, of it, namely, a thing; (Ṣ, Ķ;) as also تحجى له بيا (TA.) And حجى به , (Fr, S, K,) aor. -, inf. n. [or Land], (TK,) He was, or became attached to it, and clave to it; (Fr, S, K;) as also .تحجّاً به and زحجّی (Fr, S;) and تحجّی به (Fr, TA.) المجتبى also signifies He kept to the or place of bending or turning of a valley. (TA.) And تَحَجَّيْتُ لا بِهٰذَا الهَكَانِ I preceded you, or outwent you, to this place, and clave to it before you. (Ṣ, TA.) And [hence,] تحجی الله بهر is said to mean + He was first, or foremost, or quich, to blame them. (TA.) ____, (K, TA,) aor. -, (TA,) is also [said to be] syn. with عدا, (K,) He ran; (TK;) thus bearing two contr. significations: (K:) but this requires consideration. (TA.) _ [Golius, as on the authority of the KL, assigns to it also the meaning "Hilaris et lubens fuit:" but in this sense it is said in the KL to be

3. الْمُعْتُهُ فَحُوْتُهُ (T, Ṣ, Ķ,) inf. n. of the former and i, (K,) I contended, or vied, with him in intelligence or skill and knowledge, or in endeavouring to show my superiority in intelligence &c., (فَاطَنْتُهُ) and I overcame him therein; (K;) from حجّه [or حجّا] meaning "intelligence." (Har p. 9.) [And hence, I tried him with an enigma or enigmas, and overcame him therein: (see 6:) or] I proposed to him an enigma [&c.]: (T, TA:) [or I contended with him in proposing an enigma or enigmas, &c.]: i. e. ذَاعَيْتُهُ فَغَلَبْتُهُ: (Ṣ:) so in the handwriting of Aboo-Zekereeyà, and in that of Aboo-Sahl, [and in my two copies of the S,] but in [some of the حُوجِيَ بِهِ TA.) And دعيته copies of] the Ṣ [He was tried with it as an enigma to be explained by him; or he had it proposed to him as an enigma]. (TA.) مَاجَاةُ signifies [also] The asking a thing of one much, so as to weary; as also مَدَاعَاة (KL.) _ And مِجَاءً, (K, TA,) [accord. to the CK L, but correctly] like كتَابٌ, (TA,) An engaging in conflict, or fight. (K, TA.) __ See also 1.

4. أحبان, and بالمس well adapted or disposed, or how apt, meet, suited, suitable, fitted, fit, competent, or proper, or how worthy, is he! (Ṣ, Ķ, TA:) verbs of wonder having no corresponding verb of the measure نَعْلَ. (TA.) You

say, مَا أَحْجَاهُ بِذُلكُ How well adapted or disposed, &c., is he for that! (Ş, TA.)

5: see 1, in eight places. You say also, meaning He knew it, or understood it, readily, or with quickness of intelligence. (AHeyth, TA.)

8. احتجى He found out, or discovered, (أَصَابُ) that with which he was tried as an enigma to be explained by him. (TA.)

or A side, region, quarter, or tract: (S, Msb, K, TA:) and an extremity: place to which one has recourse for refuge, or protection; as also (Lh, TA) and (Lh, K in art. ____)_ Elevated ground. (TA.) _ A place of bending or turning of a valley. (TA.) _ Anything by which one is veiled, concealed, or protected; (Mgh, Msb, TA;) as also احجا (Mgh, TA.) [Hence applied to A parapet on the top of a house; as is indicated in the Mgh and TA.] = Bubbles upon water, arising from the drops of rain: pl. [or rather coll. gen. n.] of Vala: (S, K: [in the CK, erroneously, حجاة :]) the latter word, which is like مُعَاة, is explained by Az as signifying a bubble that rises upon water, like a flash; and as having for its pl. : and the same word signifies also a pool of water, itself, such as is left by a torrent. (TA.) = See also q. v. (TA in art.)

means الْمَ عَلَيْهُ الْمَا الْمَ عَلَيْهُ الْمَا الْمَا

or Intelligence, or understanding; (S, Msb, K;) sayacity, or shill and knowledge: (K:) [said to be] from meaning "he, or it, prevented, or withheld;" because it prevents, or withholds, a man from doing that which is bad, or corrupt. (TA.) And i. q. [Quantity, measure, &c.]: pl. [Also said by Golius, as on the authority of J, to signify "an enigma," as though syn. with the sense in any copy of the S, nor in any other lexicon.]

ةَاجْتَ: see اجْتَ.

a subst. signifying أمَاجَاةُ [i. e. A