[Stony; abounding with stones]. You say أَرْضُ حَجَرَةَ in the CK أَرْضُ حَجَرَةَ as also جَجَرَةَ and abounding with stones; as also مَتَحَجَرَةَ إِ

The flesh surrounding the nail. (K.)

A severe year, that confines men to their tents, or houses, so that they slaughter their generous camels to eat them. (L in art. i., on a verse of Zuheyr.) = A side ; an adjacent tract or quarter; (ISd, K;) as also * ججزة: (EM p. 281 :) pl. of the former *, [or rather this is a coll. gen. n., of which the former is the n. un.,] and جرات (Ş, K) and * حجرات (K :) the last is mentioned by ISd as being thought by him to be a pl. of in the sense above explained, contr. to analogy. (TA.) Hence, حجرة قوم The tract or quarter adjacent to the abode of a people. (S.) And حَجْرَتَا الطَّرِيق The two sides of the road. (TA.) And حَجْرَتَا عَسْكَر The two sides of an army; (A, TA;) its right and left wings. (TA.) And قعد حجرة He sat aside. (A.) And سار حجرة He journeyed aside, by himself. (TA.) And is also said to signify the same, in the following ex. : تَرْعَى مُحْجَرًا She (the camel) pastures aside, and وتبرك وسطا lies down in the middle. (TA.) It is said in a prov., يَرْبَضُ حَجْرَةً وَيَرْتَعَى وَسَطًا He lies down aside, and pastures in the middle : (S:) or فَارْنَ Such a one pastures in يَرْعَى وَسَطًا وَيَرْبِضُ حَجُرَةً the middle, and lies down aside : (TA :) applied to a man who is in the midst of a people when they are in prosperity, and when they become in an evil state leaves them, and lies down apart : the prov. is ascribed to Gheylán Ibn-Mudar. (IB.) Imra-el-Keys says, [addressing Khálid, in whose neighbourhood he had alighted and sojourned. and who had demanded of him some horses and riding-camels to pursue and overtake a party that had carried off some camels belonging to him (Imra-el-Keys), on Khálid's having gone away, and returned without anything,]

[Then let thou alone spoil by the sides of which a shouting was raised: but relate to me a story. What is the story of the riding-camels?]: hence the prov., المحكّر لله

[Dominion belongeth to God: then let thou alone art. :) or V the latter is s &c.]; said with reference to him who has lost [q. v.]: (Msb:) pl. حَنَاجِرُ. (K.)

part of his property and after that lost what is of greater value. (TA.) [And hence the saying,] خبرته + His property has become large, or ample. (S.) _ See also

and حجرى A right, or due; a thing, or quality, to be regarded as sacred, or inviolable; (Ķ;) a peculiar attribute. (TA.)

حَجِرٌ 800 : أَرْضٌ حَجِيرَةٌ

The part of the brink (شفَة) of a valley حَاجر that retains the water, (S, K,) and surrounds it; (ISd ;) as also * حجور : pl. of the former : حجران (S, K.) High land or ground, the middle of which is low, or depressed; (K;) as also .: (TA :) and [pl. of the latter] low places in the ground, retaining water. (A.) A fertile piece of land, abounding with herbage, low, or depressed, and having elevated borders, upon which the water is retained. (AHn.) A place where mater flows, or where herbs grow, surrounded by high ground, or by an elevated river. (T, TA.) A place where trees of the kind called grow; where they are collected together; and a place which they surround : (M, K :) pl. as above. (K.) _ A wall that retains water hetween houses : so called because encompassing. (TA.)

Also A ._____ Also .____ Also A refuge; a means of protection or defence: analogous with جاثور, which signifies "a place of perdition:" whence,

And their sayer said, Verily I lay hold on that which will protect me from thee and repel thee from me; مَتَوَسَّكُ being understood. (TA.)

. حَجْرَة see : حَوَاجَرُ

منجور ¥, (S, K,) each with an augmentative ن, (S, Msb,) [The head of the windpipe; consisting of a part, or the whole, of the larynx : but variously explained; as follows:] the windpipe; syn. حلقور : (S, K:) or the former [has this meaning, i. e.], the passage of the breath: (Mgh, Msb:) or the extremity of the breath: (Mgh, Msb:) or the extremity of the breath: (Bd in xxxiii. 10:) or [the head of the larynx, composed of the two arytenoides;] two of the successively-superimposed cartilages of the breath successively-superimposed cartilages of the inside, or carity, of the eit is pointed: or the inside, or carity, of the batter is syn. with att. (Msb:) or ¥ the latter is syn. with att. (Msb:) pl. cite, (K.) : see the next preceding paragraph, in three places. _____ Also A small نفط [or receptacle for perfumes and the like]. (K.) ____ And A glass flask or bottle (قَارُورَة), (K, TA.) of a small size, (TA.) for يُزِيرَة [q. v.]. (K, TA.)

in four places. _____ Also, (S,) or محجر and محجر (K,) The tract surrounding a town or village: (S, K:) [pl. محجر الم Hence the محجر of the kings (أفيال) of El-Yemen, which were Places of pasturage, whereof each of them had one, in which no other person pastured his beasts: (S, K:) the محجر of a of El-Yemen was his tract of land into which no other person than himself entered. (T.) ____ See also محجر العين ____ And see

rounded by a wall; or a garden of trees; syn. : (S, K:) or a low, or depressed, place of pasture: (T, TA:) or a place in which is much pasture, with water : (A,* TA :) pl. (S. and * محجرها (TA) and المحجرها (K) and simply المحجر (Mşb, TA) and (K) and , which occurs in a verse of El-Akhtal, (IAar,) [The part which is next below, or around, the eye, and which appears when the rest of the face is veiled by the نقَّاب or the انبرقع:] that part [of the face, next below the eye,] which appears from out of the [kind of veil called] نقاب (T, S, A, Msb, K) of a woman (A, Msb, K) and of a man, from the lower eyelid; and sometimes from the upper: (Msb:) or the part that surrounds the eye (Msb, K) on all sides, (Msb,) and appears from out of the [kind of veil called] . (Msb, K:) or the part of the bone beneath the eyelid, which encompasses the eye : (TA :) and means also what appears from beneath the turban of a man when he has put it on : (K: [accord. to the TA, the turban itself; but this is a meaning evidently derived from a mistranscription in a copy of the K, namely, applies for that part of the face محجر الوجه also إ: عمامته against which the ties : and المحجر the eye [itself]: (T, TA:) the pl. of is is is (A, Msb.)

in محجر see : محجر and see also محجر, in two places.

his property according to his own free reill: (Mşb:) or prohibited from consuming, or masting, or ruining, his property. (Mgh.) — See also

حجر see : أرض متحجرة

ىيەر