\_\_ [act. part. n. of جَازَ , in all its senses]. \_\_ Passing, or current, money. (Mgh.) See an ex. above, voce جَوَائِزُ الرُّشْعَار [And hence,] بَجَازُ الرُّشْعَارِ and الأمثال, (K, TA,) for the former of which we find, in some copies of the K, الشُّعر, which is incorrect, (TA,) Verses, or poems, and proverbs, current from country to country, or from town to town. (K, TA.) - Applied to a contract, [and a sale and a marriage, Allowable; passing for lawful;] passing as right, sound, valid, or good [in law]; having effect. (Msb.) = [The beam of a house, or chamber, upon which rest the عَوَارِض, or rafters;] that upon which are placed the extremities of the pieces of wood in the roof of a house or chamber; (AO, TA;) the palm-trunk, (S,) or piece of wood, which passes across between two walls, (K,) called in Persian تير, (S,K,) which is the سَهُورَةُ of the house or chamber: (Ṣ:) pl. [of pauc.] أَجُوزَةُ (Ṣ, CĶ, TA,) in [some of] the copies of the K, incorrectly, أُجُوزُ, (TA,) [and both these are given in the CK,] and [of mult.] (CK, but omitted in جيزَانْ (Ş, K) جُوزَانْ my MS. copy of the K and in the TA,) and جُوائز. (Seer, K.)

† A draught of water; (S, K;) as also ¥ جوزة (K:) or V the latter signifies a single watering, or giving of water to drink; (S, K; [see an ex. in art. الان, conj. 2;]) or such as a man passes with from one person to another: and both signify the quantity of water with which the traveller passes from one watering-place to another; as also معيزة ولا (TA.) It is said in a prov., نْكُلِّ جَابِهٍ جَوْزَةٌ \* ثُمَّ يُؤَدَّنُ, i. c., † For every one that comes to us for water is a single watering, or giving of water to drink; then he is repelled from the water: or, as in the M, then his ear is struck, to indicate to him that he has nothing more than that to receive from us. (TA.) - Hence, (A, Mgh,) accord. to Aboo-Bekr, (TA,) [but see 4,] + A gift, or present: (Aboo-Bekr, S, Mgh, K:) pl. جوائز. (S, A, Mgh.)\_ Hence also, (Mgh,) \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) Kindness and courtesy: (K:) or hindnesses and courtesy shown to those who come to one as envoys or the like: (Mgh:) or provisions for a day and a night given to a quest at his departure after entertainment for three days. (Mgh, TA.) It is said in a trad., الضَّيَافَةُ ثَلَاثَةُ أَيَّامِ وَجَائِزَتُهُ يَوْمٌ وَلَيْلَةٌ وَمَا زَادَ فَهُو , meaning, [The period of] the entertainment of a guest is three days, during the first of which the host shall take trouble to show him large kindness and courtesy, and on the second and third of which he shall offer him what he has at hand, not exceeding his usual custom; then he shall give him that wherewith to journey for the space of a day and a night; and what is after that shall be as an alms and an act of favour, which he may do if he please or neglect if he please. (TA.)

A way, road, or path, (S, K, TA,) which one travels from one side [or end] to the other; (K, TA;) as also مُجَازَةً ♦ (TA.) You say, رُون اللهِ اللهُ الأَمْرِ مَجَازًا إِلَى حَاجَتِهِ +Such a one made that thing a way to the attainment of

(A.) And مَجَازَةُ alone [also] signifies A road in a سَبْحَة [or salt tract]. (K.) \_ A privy, or place where one performs ablution; syn. مُتبرز (TA.) = A trope; a word, or phrase, used in a sense different from that which it was originally applied to denote, by reason of some analogy, or connexion, between the two senses; as, for instance, أَسَدٌ, properly signifying "a lion," applied to "a courageous man;" (KT. &c.;) what passes beyond the meaning to which it is originally applied; (TA;) [being of the in the sense of the measure مَفْعَلُ je ;] ontr. of عَقِقَة . (K.) [This is also called to distinguish it from what ; مَجَازٌ لُغَةً , and is termed مُجَازٌ عُرْفًا, and مُجَازٌ عُرْفيٌ, which is A word, or phrase, so little used in a particular proper sense as to be, in that sense, conventionally regarded as tropical; as, for instance, دَابَة in the sense of "a man," or "a human being; it being commonly applied to "a beast," and especially to "a horse" or "a mule" or "an ass."] A حقيقة, when little used, becomes what مَجَازِ The . نوع Mz, 24th . مُجَازُ عُرْفًا is termed [i. c. a metaphor] استعارة [i. c. a metaphor] (as أَسُدُّ used as meaning "a courageous man"), or مَجَازٌ مُرْسَلٌ [a loose trope] (as يَدُ used as meaning "a benefit," "benefaction," "favour," or "boon"). (KT, &c.) مجاز] also signifies A tropical meaning.]

and مُجَازَاتُ: see 4, in the middle of the paragraph.

A commissioned agent of another; an executor appointed by a will; syn. وَكُيلٌ, and ; because he executes what he is ordered to do: so in the conventional language of the people of El-Koofeh: (Mgh:) or a slave who has received permission to traffic. (Mgh, K.) \_ The guardian and affiancer [of a woman]; syn. وَلَى وَالَّٰهُ عَلَيْهُ الْمُؤَاةُ لَيْسَ لَهَا مُجِيزٌ (K.) You say, هَذِهِ ٱمْرَأَةُ لَيْسَ لَهَا مُجِيزٌ (This is a woman who has no guardian and affiancer]: and Shureyh is related to have said, إِذَا أَنْكُتَ ٱللَّهِ عِيزَانِ When the two guardians and فَالنَّكَاحُ لِلْأُوَّلِ affiancers give a woman in marriage, the marriage is the former's]. (TA.) - The manager of the affairs of an orphan. (K.)

أُرْضٌ مُجَازَةً عن see , مَجَازَةً see : مُجَازَةً (S, A) A land containing trees of the je [or walnut]: (S:) or a land (in the K, مكان [a place], which is wrong, TA) abounding with (A, K.) جُوز

[Tropical.] مُجَازِيً

Going, or passing along. (K.) \_ One who travels, or penetrates, along a road. (K.) One who loves to hasten, or outstrip. (K, TA.)

1. يَجُوسُ, aor. يَجُوسُ, (Ṣ, TA,) inf. n. بَجُوسُ (A, Ķ,) He sought for, or after, (Zj, Ṣ, A, Ķ,)

with the utmost of his endeavour. (Zj, A, K.) -[Hence,] جَاسُوا خَلَالَ الدّيار (Ş, A,) in the Kur [xvii. 5], (TA,) inf. n. as above, (S, A, K,) They ment through the midst of the houses (تَخَلَّلُوهَا), and sought for what was in them, as a man seeks for news, or tidings; as also اجتاسوا (\$:) or they went to and fro among the houses, in a sudden attack: (A, K:) or the meaning in the Kur is, they slew you amid your houses; and signifies the same; going and coming: (Fr, TA:) and, inf. n. as above, (K,) and جُوسَانُ (S, K,) they went round about (Zj, S, A, K) by night, (S,) among the houses, (Zj, A, K,) looking if any remained whom they had not slain, (Lj, TA,) or doing mischief: (A:) and اجياس signifies the same as -, (K, TA,) the going round about by night. (TA.) \_\_ also signifies It (anything) was trodden : is said to be like دُوسٌ: (TA:) and you say, جَآءَ فُلَانٌ Such a one came stepping over the people; syn. يَتَخَطَّاهُمْ. (A, TA.\*) And accord. to A'Obeyd, جُسْتُهُ and حُسْتُهُ both signify I came into it, and trod it; (خَالَطْتُهُ وَوَطِئْتُهُ) meaning, any place. (TA.) You say also, فيأسُو الأسد . The lion trod upon them: or came into the midst of them, and did mischief among them. (TA; [in which the inf. n. of the verb in this sense is said to be جُوسًاءُ and : بَوسًاءُ but the latter is probably a mistranscription for [.جَوَسَانُ])

8: see 1, in two places.

One who treads upon everything : or who comes into the midst of a people, and does mischief among them. (TA.) \_ Hence, (TA.) The lion. (K, TA.) And in like manner it is applied to a man. (TA.)

i. q. قَصْر [A palace: or a pavilion, or hind of building wholly or for the most part isolated, sometimes on the top of a larger building, i. e., a belvedere, and sometimes projecting from a larger building, and generally consisting of one room if forming a part of a larger building]: (S, K, and Ham p. 823:) or a fortress; syn. : (M, IB, TA:) or [a building] resembling a حصن: (M:) an arabicized word, (Lth, JK, S, M,) from the Persian څوشك : (TA:) its primary meaning is a a state of demolition; and a ruined . قُصْر and a ruined , جَوَاسِقُ and the latter formed by giving fulness of sound to the kesreh, or by poetic license. (Ham ubi suprà.) There were, in the Karáfeh, [the great burial-ground of the Egyptian metropolis,] numenous بجواسق, i. e., what are called بجواسق, having belvederes (مَنَاظر) and gardens: but most of the جواسق were without gardens and without a well; being lofty belvederes: all of them were called قصور. (El-Makreezee's "Khitat," ii. 453.)

جُوْشُوشُ The breast ; (S, A, K;) as also جُوشُ his want. (Ṣ, TA.) جُوْشَنُ signifies A bridge. | a thing, (Zj, A, K,) or news, or tidings, (Ṣ,) (Ṣ) and [particularly] that