
 mass of rock rising out of shallow water. (IA arr, L, K.) - And the former, + A strong man ; and

 Many camels : (S :) or camels composing a large herd: or camels advanced in years; as also - : بُلْهُوْ : (K :) and sheep exceeding in number a hundred: (L, K :) you say ضَأَنْ بَلْمَهُ (L.) -And Oxen, or cons: ( $\mathrm{L}:$ ) and the same word,
 ( $\mathbf{A A}, \mathrm{L}, \mathrm{K}$.

 and بَمْارْوِلُ is [its pl.,] like. (TA.) See also بَجْهْنْرُ, in two places.
:جْجْهُهْ

## ججنار

-جُلَّنَرْ The flower of the pomegranate: an arabicized word, from 'كُنْرُ, (K,) which is Persian, composed of ك " a flower," and "a pomegranate." (MF.) It is said that whoever swallows three grains of it, of the smallest that may be, ( $\mathbf{K}$, ) on the condition of his taking them with his mouth from the tree, before their opening, at sunrise, on a Wednesday, (Tedhkiret Dáwood, TA,) will not have ophthalmia in that year. (K.)

## جهله

 Mṣb, TA, ) He nas, or became, bald in the fore part of the head: $(\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K}:)$ or in the greater part of his head. (Mṣb.) [The latter seems to be the correct meaning: see below.]-جَلْهُ His court, or yard, nas, or became, vacant, or
 :جْ이, (TA,) He uncovered a thing; or removed it [from a thing that it covered or concealed]. (K, TA.) - He raised the turban, while folding $i t$, from the side of his forchead (عَنْ جَبِينهَ), (K,
 head. (TA.) - He removed the pebbles from a place. (S., K.) - He turned back a person from a difficult, or hard, thing or affair. (K.)
 fore part of the head; ( $\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{K} ;$ ) which is the beginning of صَلْع; like جَلْنَ : (S:) or baldness of the greater part of the head; ( $\mathrm{M}_{\mathrm{gb}}$;) more than

 one of the brons, or brinhs, or edges, of a valley: (S :) or the side of a valley; (K, TA;) the bank, or border, thereof: (TA :) or elevated parts in the interior, or lower part, of a valley, rising above the water-course, so that, when the valley
flons with water, the water loes not reach them: (ISh,TA:) and, some say, the mouth of a valley: and some, a part of a valley uncovered by the torrents, and so made apparent: (TA:) and [the dual] جَلْتَانَ, (JK, M, TA,) or (S,) the two sides, or borders, of a valley, (S, M, TA,) when there is in them hardness: (J K, M, TA:) occurring in a trad., or, as some relate it, "بَلْمَتَانَبْ, with an augmentative 0 : (TA:) pl. (S.) (S.) - A great round rock. ( $\mathrm{JK}, \mathbf{K}).-\frac{A}{A}$ large [hill, or the like, such as is called] قَارَ ; as also
 The place of alighting and abiding of a people, or company of men : (JK, K, TA :) and a yard, or wide space, in front, or extending from the sides, of their dwelling. (JK.) -And A meadon in which water collects and stagnates: pl . as above. (JK.) =Dates, (K, TA,) of which the stones have been picked out, (TA,) macerated and mashed with milk, ( $\mathbf{K},{ }^{*} \mathrm{TA}$, ) then given to drink to women; (TA;) having a fattening property ; (K, TA ;) as also "جَإِليهَهُ. (K.)
بَمْلهَهُ :
A mode of wearing the turban, in nhich the جَبِين [or side of the forehead] is uncovered, so that the part where the hair grows is secn. (JK, S.gh.)
A place from which the pebbles have been removed. (JK, Ṣ, Ḳ.) $=$ See also جَلْهُة last sentence.
أَّاْلَهُ Bald in the fore part of the head; (S;) i. $q \cdot$ أَجْلَعُعُ: (TA :) or [it denotes more than the latter; meaning] bald in the greater part of the
 -Large in the forehead, having the places of growth of the hair receding. (K.) $\quad$ + $\mathbf{A}$ bull
 (Ks, Ṣ.)
A tent, or house, or chamber, ( in which is neither door nor curtain. (JK, K.)

## جلهق

Bullets, syn. بُلّْلُرْقِقُ, (Ṣ, Mṣb, Ḳ,) or rounded things, (En-Nadr, TA,) made of clay, (En-Nadr, Mṣl, TA,) which one shoots [from a cross-bow] : (K:) n. un. with $0:$ (En-Nadr, Mṣb, TA :) a Persian word, arabicized ; (Msb;) in Persian جُلَهُ, meaning "a ball of thread;" pl. جُلَّها; applied also to "a weaver;" (S, K ;) i. e., جَوْسُ is is so applied. (TA.) Hence, جلها [The cross-bow for shooting bullets]. (S., Mṣb.)

## Quasi جلهر



## جلو

 (Msb,) It (a thing, and + an affair, or a case, Mgh, or +information, or tidings, Msb,) was, or became, clear, nnobscured, exposed to vien, displayed, laid open, disclosed, or uncovered, (Mgh,

Mṣb, للِّنَّ to men, or the people; (Msp;) as also "تجبلّى, said of a thing: (S., Mgh, Ms.b:) it (+ information, or tidings, Ṣ, Mẹb, or $\tan$ affair, or a case, Mgh ,) was, or became, apparent, or plainly apparent, overt, conspicuous, manifest, notorious, plain, obvious, or evident, (S, Mgh, Mgb,) to $m e,(\mathrm{~S}$,$) or \mathrm{U}$ to men, or the people. (Mṣb.) One says, تبجلَت The sun became unobscured, or exposed to vien, and ceased to be eclipsed. (TA from a trad.) Er-Rághib says that * التَّجِلِّى is sometimes by the thing itself; as in the phrase [in the Ḳur xcii. 2], وَالنَّهارِ إذا تَجَجّْى [By the day when it becometh clear, \&c.]: and sometimes, by the case, and the action; as in the
 [And when his Lord became manifested to the mountain]: Zj says that the meaning in this instance is, appeared, and so say the Sunnees; El-Hasan says that the meaning is, تجبلّى بِالنّورٍ [became manifested by light, the light of the empyrean]. (TA.) - بُجْل [aor. ${ }^{2}$,] inf. n.
 †اجملى: (Ṣ, Mgh, Mẹb, K ;) Me, (a man, Mṣb,) or they, (a company of men, Mgh, Msb,) went forth, or emigrated, (S. Mgh, Msb,) عَنِ البَلَّ from the country, or tonn, (Ṣ, Mṣb,) and عَ
 :جَّ themselves, or became dispersed, عُنِ الهْوْعِ, and مُمنه, from the place: ( $\mathrm{K}:$ ) or means, in consequence of fear: and الجلى, in consequence of drought: ( $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{K}, \mathrm{K}:$ ) or signifies they left their place of abode in consequence of fear; the verb in this case being trans. by itself: but if they have left for some
 (Mṣb:) accord. to IAạr, significs he fled, being driven away, from his home. (TA.) [See also 12.]-جَلْىَ, aor. = , inf. n. He had that degree of bullness which is termed $\downarrow$ جَلًا; ( $\mathbf{K}$;) i. e. baldness of the fore part of the head; (S, $\mathbf{K} ;$ ) like (S : $:$ ) or baldness of half of the head; ( $\underset{\sim}{\mathbf{S}}, \mathbf{K}$;) which is the beginning of صَلَع: (S:) or baldness less than what is termed
 nifics the same as بَبِّ [The part above the temple became bald]. (A'Obeyd,TA.) $=0$, , aor. ${ }^{2}$, inf. n., app., former seems to be indicated by what follows;]
 $i t$, or rendered it, clear, or unobscured ; exposed it to vien, displayed it, laid it open, disclosed it, or uncovered it; (S, Mgh, MA;) namely, a thing: (Ș, Mgh :) he made it, or rendered it, apparent, or plainly apparent, overt, conspicuous, manifest, notorious, plain, obvious, or cevident; (S, Mgh, Msb, MA ;) namely, $\dagger$ an affair, (Mgh,) or tinformation, or tidings. (Msb.) You say, جَلْ (العَرُوْبِ
 (S, M@b, to her husband: (K:) or he looked at the bride

