The end of a finger; i.e. the joint in which is the nail; syn. لَحَشْرُ (S, K, A) pl. لَحَشْرَانِ (S, K, A) Likewise the former; i.e. fine, known: (A,) pl. لَحْشِرَ (TA;) according to some لَحْشِرَةً (Lth, T, S, A, M) which is perhaps a dial. var., and accord. to Sb holds it to be, for لَحْشَرَةً (TA:) and لَحْشَرَةً (M:) or لَحْشَرَةً (Gh:) pl. لَحْشَرَةً (Lth, T, S, A, M) said in a trad. that God created the earth:

as in the phrase لَحْشَرَةً (TA) sing. of لَحْشَرْ (S, M, TA) or لَحْشَرْ (TA) which signifies The part of the breast which is the place of the collar, or necklace: (T, M, K,) so by the common consent of the lexicologists: (T,) or the bones of the breast: (M, A, K,) or the bones of the breast that are between the collar-bone and the yap: (S,) or the part of the breast, or chest, that is next to the two collar-bones: or the part that is between the two breasts and the collar-bones: or four ribs of the right side of the chest and four of the left thereof: (M, K;) or the two arms and four legs and two eyes: (T, M, K;) it is also said that the نَحْشَرَةَ is the four ribs that are next to the two collar-bones: IAth says that the لَحْشَرَةً is the uppermost part of the human breast, beneath the chin; and its pl. is as above: accord. to IF, in the مَجْدَة the لَحْشَرَةً is the breast, or chest: MF says that لَحْشَرَةً relates to males and females in common; but most of the authors on strange words affirm decidedly that it is peculiar to women: (TA:) the لَحْشَرَةً of the camel is the part in which it is stabb'd, or stuck; syn. مَسْتَرَّ (M.)

Possessing much wealth; (T, K;) rich; without want; or having wealth like the dust, or earth: (Lh and M:) [in the TA, لَحْشَرَةً is mentioned as having this meaning; perhaps by a mistranscription: if not, it must be لَحْشَرَةً] and having little wealth: thus it bears two contr. significations: (K;) but the former is the more known. (TA)

The suffering lost, and becoming poor, so as to cleave to the dust, or earth; an inf. n. of لَحْشَرَةً (M:) or poverty, or neediness; (S, TA;) or (as a word of the same class as لَحْشَرَةً and لَحْشَرَةً a cause of cleaving to the dust, or earth: and hence, خَصَبَةً فَسَأَلَ (Msh:) that may be rendered as having this meaning, or words signifying it, or (in the MS.,) the word لَحْشَرَةً: (T,) the word لَحْشَرَةً as occurring in the forms here mentioned, (Az, Msh, MF, TA;) a pl. (AHit, MF, TA;) or rather a coll. gen. n., and لَحْشَرَةً (Az, S, Msh, K, &c,) which is Persian, a dial. var. of weak authority, (Msh,) the الَّجَرَةَ (S, M, TA, K, &c,) the most chaste of the forms here mentioned, (Az, Msh, MF, TA;) a pl. (AHit, MF, TA;) or rather a coll. gen. n., and لَحْشَرَةً (AZ, S, Msh, K, &c,) which is