بَدِيبُ: see بَدُ: second sentence. — Also, (M, K,) and أبَدُابُهُ بَرُابُهُ بَرُابُهُ بَرِيبُةً (M,) i. q. بَدَاهُهُ بَرِيبُ (K,) and بَدَاهُ بَرُ (K,) or أبداههٔ (M,) i. e. The first occurrence of a thing, that happens to one unexpectedly: (M:) [or the first of anything: and an occurrence thereof by which one is taken unawares: accord. to explanations in the K in art. ابداه (TA.) — [And all app. signify The faculty of extemporizing; like بَدُلِنَ دُو بَدُابُةُ وَ بَدُنَ اللهُ ال

see بَدْ: see بَدْ: second sentence.

بَادِئ [act. part. n. of 1]: see بَادِئ, in nine places.

see 1, in two places.

[originally noun of place and of time from 1; A place, and a time, of beginning, &c. __] See مَبُدُهُ __ [Also A principle, or first rule, of a science &c.: pl. مَبُادِئ __ And The primary import of a word; opposed in this sense to عَالَمُهُ __]

بَدأة see : مُبدأ

applied to God, The Creator, or Originator, of the things [that exist], who hath produced them at the beginning, not after the similitude of anything pre-existing. (Nh.) And so applied, He who createth mankind, and who returneth them after life to death in the present world and after death to life on the day of resurrection. (TA in art. عود.) __ A man who has gone on warring, or warring and plundering, expeditions, time after time, and is experienced in affairs: (A'Obeyd, and K in art. عود :) and a horse upon which the owner has gone time after time on warring, or warring and plundering, expeditions; (TA in that art.;) or well trained and exercised, (K and TA in that art.,) so as to be obedient to his rider. (TA in that art.) - [For other significations of مبدئ, see its verb (4); and see مبدئ

بَدْأَةً see : مَبْدَأَةً

[pass. part. n. of 1; Begun, &c. ==] مَبْدُونَ See بُدئ

بدر

1. بَكْر, aor. -, inf. n. بَكْر, It (the moon) became full. (Msb.) _ tHe (a boy) became full-grown and round; implying comparison to the full moon. (TA.) _ +It (fruit) attained to maturity. (TA, from a trad.) [See also 4.] _ It rose like the full moon. (Er Rághib.) = See also 3, in six places. _ بَدُرتُ مِنْهُ بَوَادِرُ عُصْبٍ: and بَدُرتُ الْإِبْلُ _ . بَادِرَةٌ see ... الْحَيْلُ brought forth at an earlier period of the year

than the other camels. (TA.) [See بُدْرِيَّة , voce أَبْدُرِيَّ أَبْدُرُ اللَّهِ إِنْ اللَّهِ إِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ إِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّلِي اللَّهُ الللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّلِمُ اللَّا ا

; ابتدره و and ; بدار and مُبَادَرةً ،inf. n. , بادره على المراه . 3 He hastened, or made haste, or strove to be first or beforehand, in doing [or attaining or obtaining] it; (M, K, TA, TK;) namely, a thing: (M:) ; بادره اليه and غَيْرَهُ إِلَيْه (M, K,) aor. عُيْرَهُ إِلَيْه and (M;) He hastened with another, or vied or strove with him in hastening, to it [or to do or attain or obtain it]: syn. عَاجَلُهُ, (M, K, TA,) and أُسْرَعَ إِلَيْهِ denotes [ابتدر♥ and بدر♥ as well as بادر mutual effort only when it is immediately trans.: when it is trans. by means of إلى [or ب (the former in the TA written by mistake [[(على)], there is nothing to show that it denotes this. (MF.) But it is often immediately trans. without its denoting such effort.] One says, بادره He hastened to do it [&c., as explained above]; meaning, a thing that he desired, or wished for: (TA:) [and بادر به signifies the same; or he hastened with it: and the former signifies also he betook himself early to him or it :] and بادر إليه he hastened to it; (Ṣ, A;) as also بُدُرٌ الله (Ṣ, Mgh, Mṣb,) aor. -, (S,) inf. n. بدور: (S, Mab:) or, accord. to Zj, agreeably with its derivation, [see بدر,] he employed the fulness of his power, or force, to hasten [to it]: (TA:) and بُدَرُهُ لا الأَمْرُ and بُدَرُهُ الأَمْرُ (aor. أبدور TA, [or , بدور as above,]) باليه the thing, or event, came to him, or happened to him, hastily, quickly, or speedily; and, beforehand [or before he expected it]; syn. عُجلُ, (M, K,) and سَبْقُ, وَفَعْلُ And بَدَرَ لا مِنْهُ قَوْلُ K:) [and أَوْلُ M,) or إِسْتَبَقَ (K.) a saying, and an action, proceeded from him hastily, without premeditation: see بادرة.] It is said in a trad., بادروا بالأعمال هرمًا [Strive ye to be before decrepitude with good works; i. e., to perform them before decrepitude]. (El-Jámi' es-بَادِرُوا الصَّبْحَ بِالْوِتْرِ, Ṣagheer.) And in another, [Strive ye to be before daybreak with the prayers termed وتو; i. e., to perform them before daybreak]. (Idem.) And in another, بادروا بصلاة Hasten ye with, or to الْمَغْرِبِ قَبْلَ طُلُوعِ النَّبُعِيرِ perform, the prayer of sunset before the rising of the star]. (Idem.) You say also, فلان يبادر في Such a one hastens in consuming أَكُل مَالِ اليَتيمِ the property of the orphan before the latter is of full age]. (A.) And بادر كبر اليتيم [He hastened to be before the orphan's attaining to full age in expending his property]; said of a guardian; i.q. بِدَارًا أَنْ ,and thus) : أَبْدَرَ * فِي مَالِ اليَتِيمِر in the Kur [iv. 5], means hastening to be before their attaining to full age in expending their property. (Bd, * Jel.) And بادره الغاية and [He strove with him in hastening, or strove to get before him, to the goal]. (A.) And -He strove in has] إِلَى الغَايَة and ابتدر♥ الغَايَة tening, or strove to get first, to the goal]. (Ham p. 46.) And بَادَرَ بَعْضُهُمْ بَعْضًا إِلَى أَمْرِ and , They vied, or strove, تبادروه الم and أمرًا, They vied, or strove,

one with another, in hastening to a thing, or an affair, trying which of them would be first. (T.)

4. ابدر He had the full moon rising to him, (Ṣ, M, K,) or upon him: (A:) a verb similar to أَشْرَقَ and أَشْرَقَ (A:) or he journeyed during a night of full moon. (T, K.) = It (an unripe date) became red. (TA.) [See also 1.] ابدر ابدر خي see 3.

6. تبادروا تبادروا و المعدورة المعدورة

8: see 3, in four places; and see 6, in two places. __ اِبْتَدَرْتْ عَيْنَايَ My eyes flowed with tears. (TA, from a trad.)

Q. Q. 1. بيدر He heaped up wheat. (K.)

بدر, (S, A, Msb, K, &c.,) originally an inf. n., (Msb,) The full moon; (M, A, Msb, K;) as also بادر ; (L, K;) the moon in its fourteenth night: (S:) or the latter signifies [simply] the moon: (IAnr, T:) the moon in its fourteenth because it hastens to rise بدر before the sun sets; (S, M;) and to set before the sun rises: (TA:) or because of its fulness; (S, TA;) as being likened to a بدرة: or, as Er-Rághib thinks to be most probable, it is itself a primitive word: (TA:) pl. بُدُورْ. (M, A.) Hence, [The night of the full moon; which is] لَيْلَةُ البَدْر the fourteenth night [of the lunar month]. (S.) _ † A lord, master, or chief, (M, K,) of a people: so called as being likened to the full moon. (M.) Applied to a boy, (Zj, M, K,) † Full of youthful vigour and of flesh: (Zj:) or full, or plump: (M:) or i. q. مبادر [precocious]. (T, K.) [In this sense, an epithet; and so its fcm. بدرة (q. v.), applied to an eye.] __ ; A cover; or a dish or plate; syn. طُبَقُ: (Ibn-Wahb, K:) because resembling the full moon, being round: so Az thinks. (TA.) _ Sec also بدرة, in two places.

مبدرة applied to an eye (عَيْنَ), Quick-sighted; or that sees before others: (As, T, S, K, TA:) or that sees before [the eyes of] other horses; applied to a horse's eye: (IAar, T, M:) or sharp-sighted: or round and large: (M:) or full like the full moon: (S, K:) but the correct meaning is [said to be] that [mentioned above as] given by IAar: (M:) or, accord to IAar, full; not defective. (T.) — Also, (S, M, K,) and بَدُونَ (K,) The shin of a lamb or kid (S, M, K) when it has been weaned, (AZ, S, M,) used for milk: for [when it is killed] while it continues sucking, its skin, if used for milk, is called : عُمُونَ and for clarified